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Mathematical Analysis and Design of 4-Stage Passive RC Network in RF Front-End System

**Minh Tri Tran^a, Nene Kushita^b, Anna Kuwana^c, and
Haruo Kobayashi^d**



Outline

1. Research Background

- Applications of RC Poly-phase Network
- Analog Complex Signal Processing Concepts

2. Analysis of 4-Stage Passive RC Network

- Frequency Responses
- Image Rejection Ratio

3. Proposed Model of 4-Stage Passive RC Network

- Model of 4-Stage Passive RC Network
- Simulation Results

4. Conclusions

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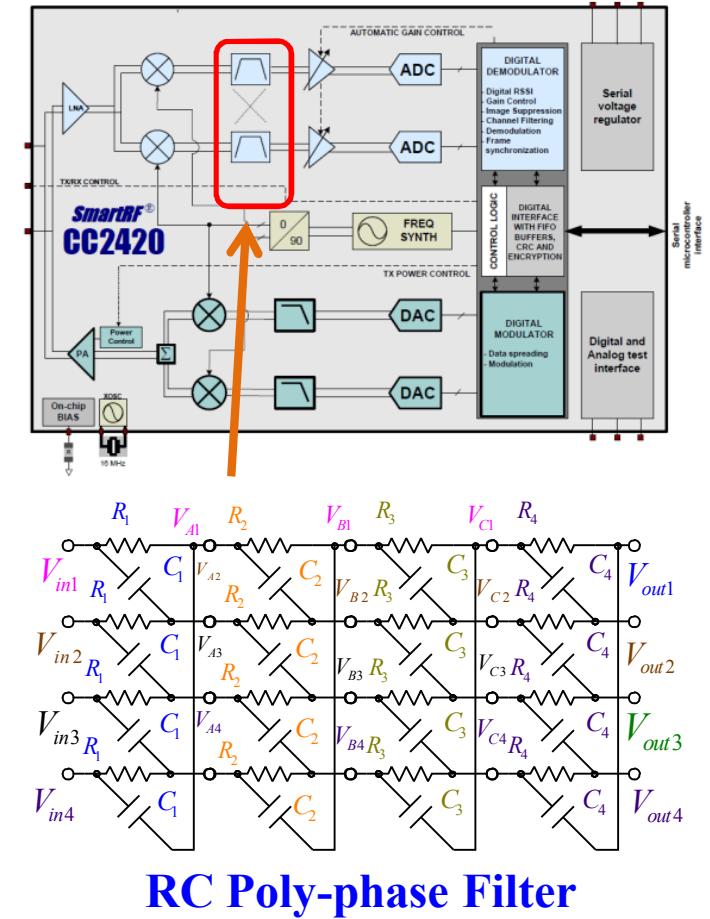
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4. Conclusions

1. Research Background

Typical Applications of RC Poly-phase Network



RC Poly-phase Filter

Applications: Wi-Fi, WiMax, UWB, GSM, WCDMA, LTE , 4G, Cordless Phones, RFID, ZigBee, Bluetooth, TV Set Top Box, Sensing, Radar...

1. Research Background

Research Objective & Design Achievements

Objective

Design of Image Rejection Filter for **Blue-tooth Receiver**:

- Low image noise
- Simple Model of RC Network

Approach

- Derivation of Transfer Function of 4-Stage Passive RC Network Based on **Superposition Principle**

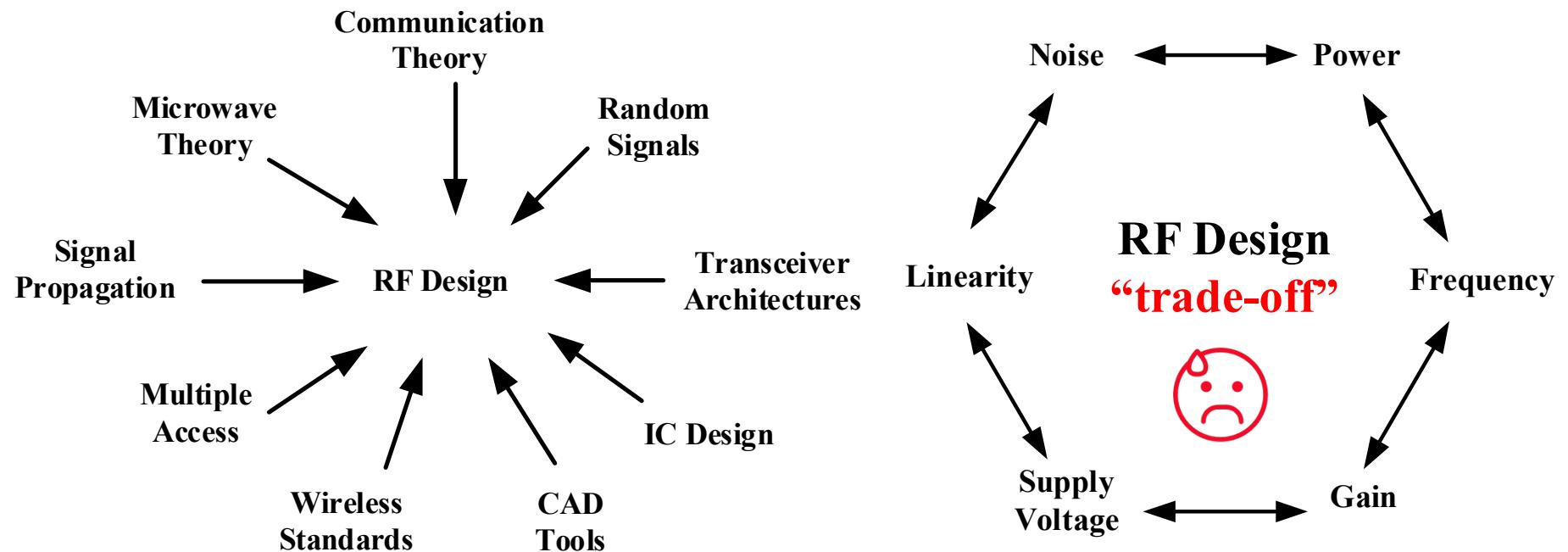
Achievements

- **Mathematical Analysis** of 4-Stage Passive RC Network
- Image Rejection Ratio: **-33dB**



1. Research Background

RFIC Design & Trade-offs

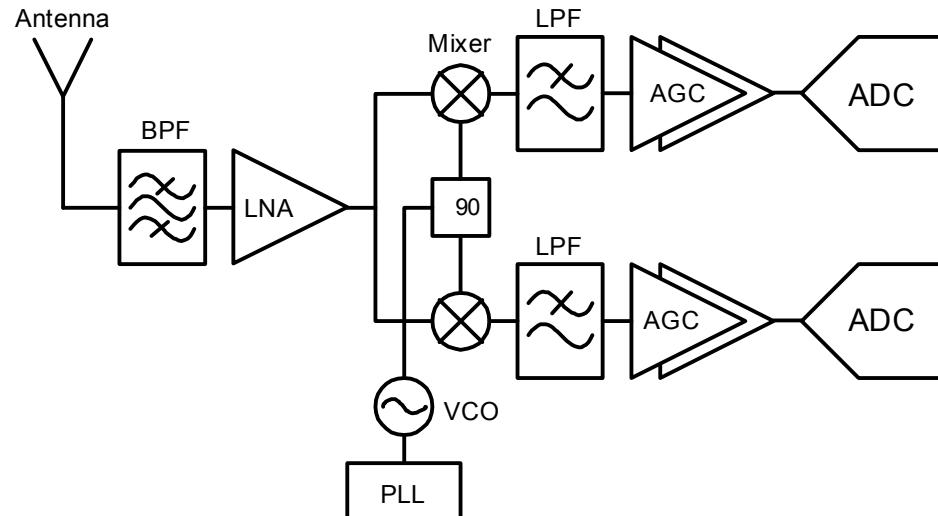


Theoretical Concepts

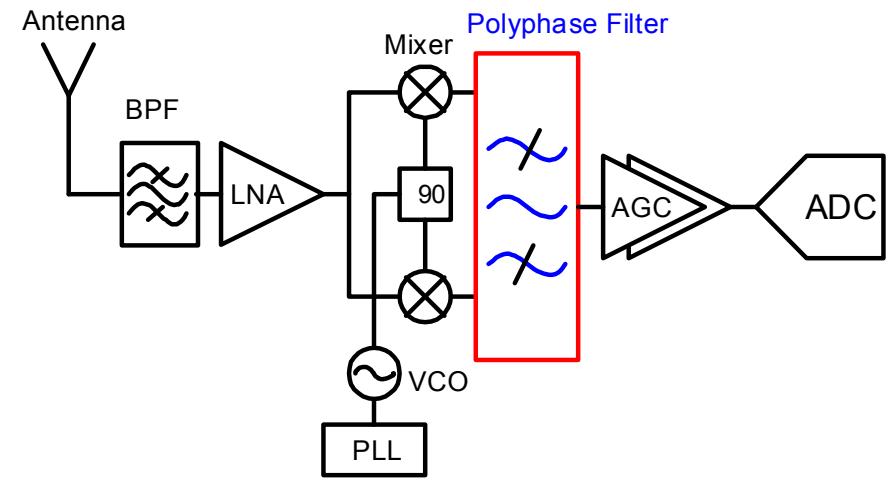
Practical Designs

1. Research Background

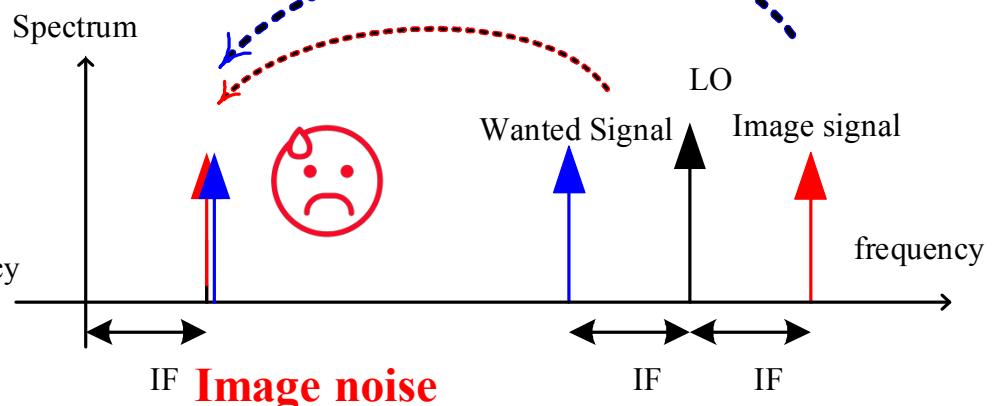
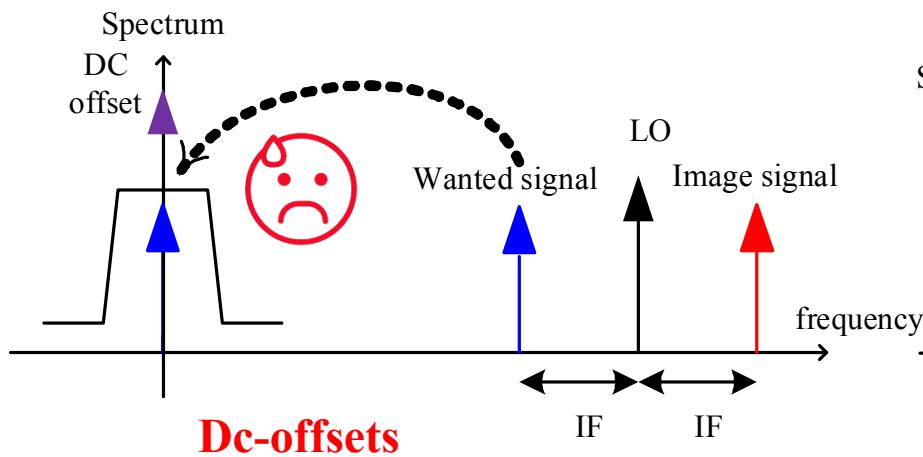
Modern Receiver Architectures



Direct-conversion Receiver

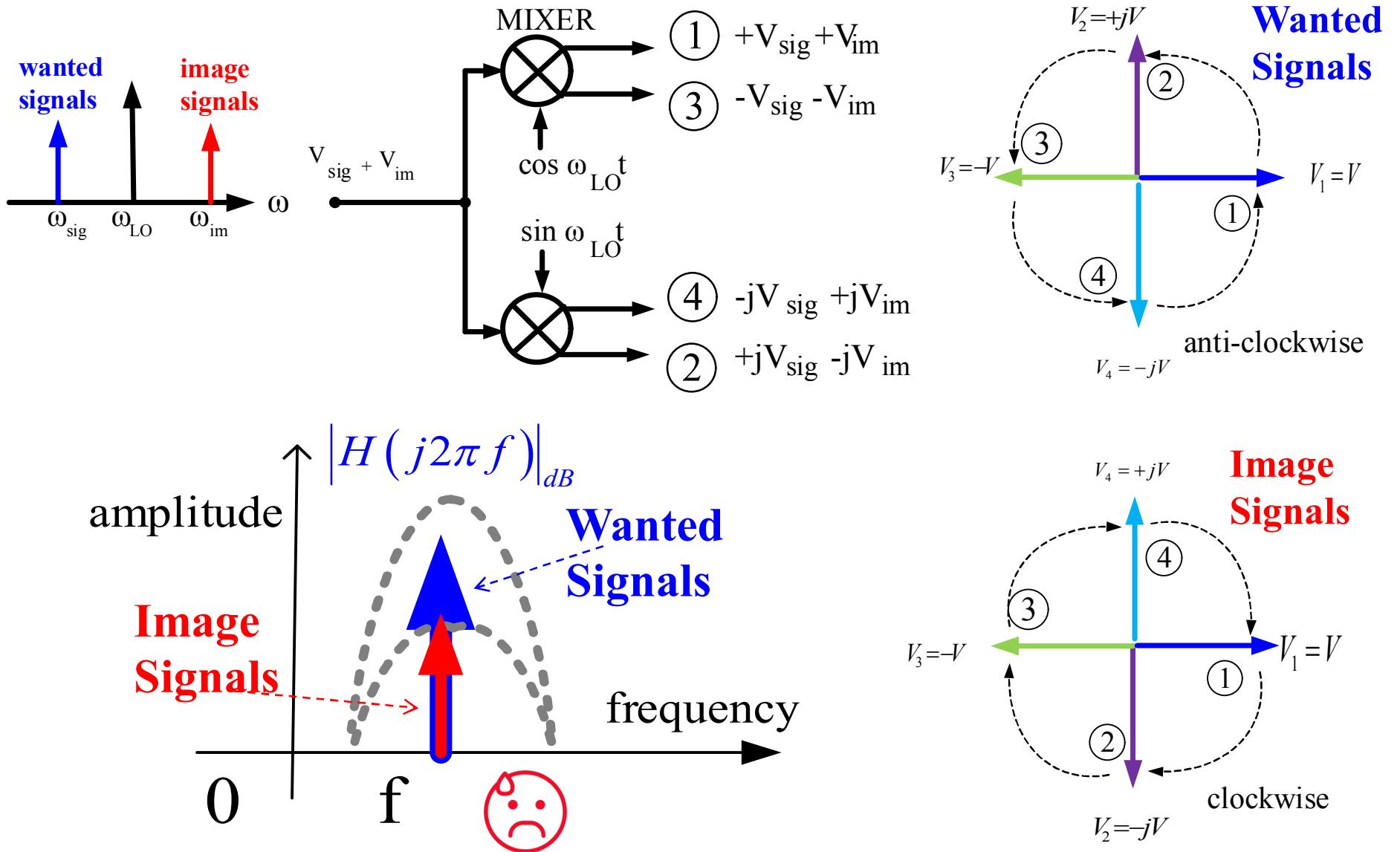


Low-IF Receiver



1. Research Background

Frequency Plane of Low-IF Signals



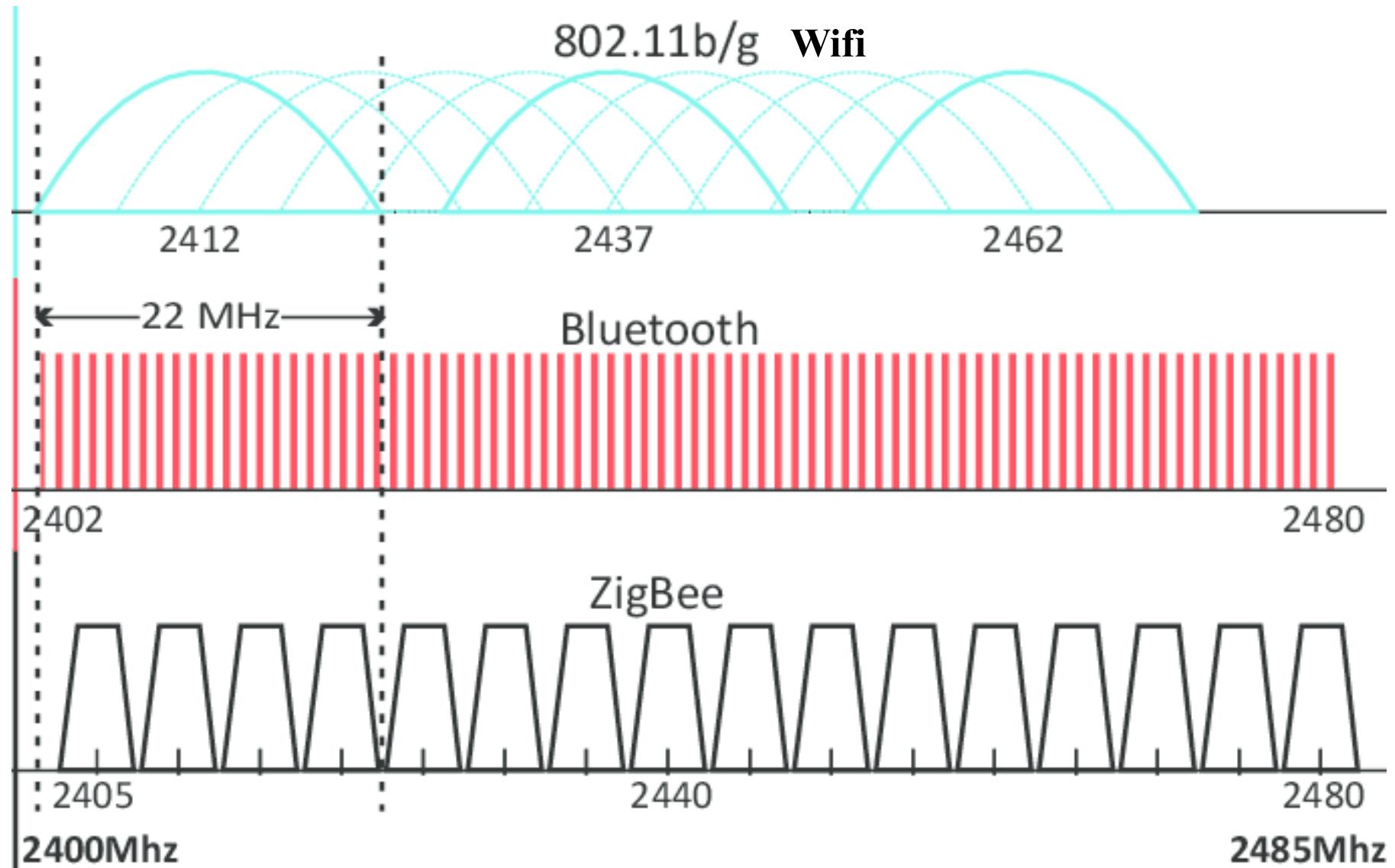
1. Research Background

Wireless Communication Specifications

	Low Energy Bluetooth	Low Power (Wifi) (IEEE 802.11)	ZigBee (IEEE 802.15.4)
Frequency Range	2.402-2.482 GHz	2.40-2.50 GHz	2.402-2.482GHz
Discrete Channels	3	3	16
Max Channel Bandwidth	1~8 MHz	22 MHz	5MHz
Modulation	GFSK	QAM64	QPSK
Nominal Data-Rate	1 Mbps	1 Mbps	250 Kbps
Estimated Max Potential Data-Rate	1 Mbps	54 Mbps	500 Kbps
Nominal Range (0 dBm)	10 m	25 m	75m
Average Power for ten 256-byte massages per day	50uW	570 uW	414uW

1. Research Background

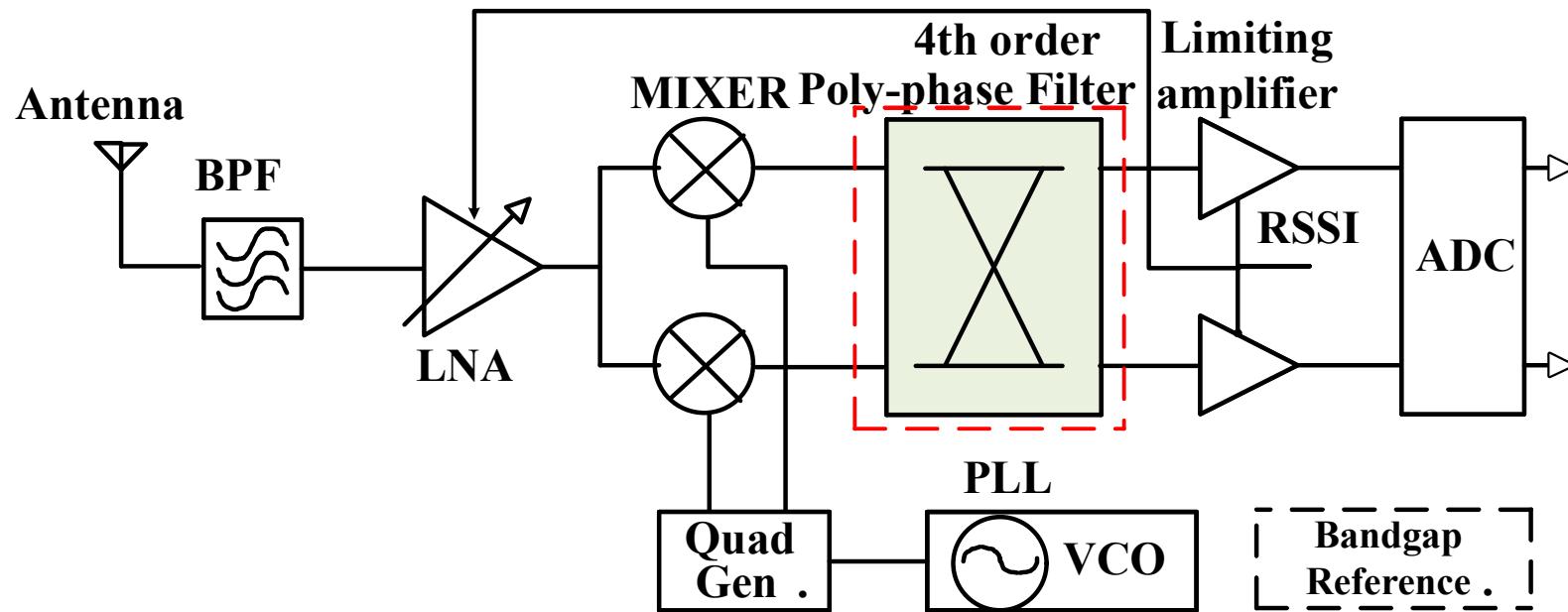
Signal Bandwidth & Channel Bandwidth



1. Research Background

Low-IF Receiver System Architecture

This Work



Merits

- Low-cost
- Small-size
- High-integration



Demerits

- Image Noises
- Power Loss
- Noise Figure



1. Research Background

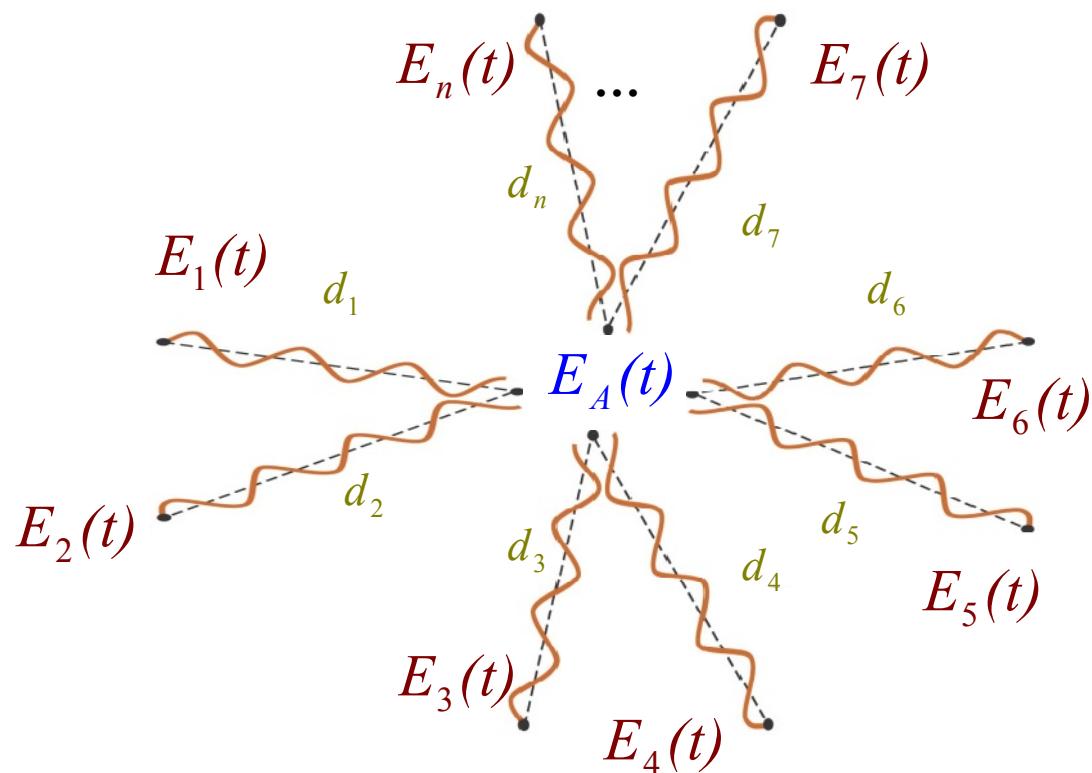
Design Targets of Low-IF Receiver System

Parameter	LNA	Mixer	PPF	RSSI
Input RF frequency	2.4GHz	2.4GHz	5MHz	5MHz
LO frequency		2.405GHz		
Input RF Power	-85 dBm	-68dBm	-60dBm	-60dBm
LO Power		0 dBm		
NF	2dB	10 dB	10dB	10dB
Gain	17 dB	8dB	0dB	60dB
P1dB (input)	>-30dBm	> -10dBm		
Input referent IP3	>-20dBm	> 0 dBm		
Current Consumption	< 5 mA	<10 mA	<5 mA	<5 mA
Supply Voltage	1.8 V	1.8 V	1.8 V	1.8 V
Image Rejection Ratio IMRR			< -30 dB	

1. Research Background

Superposition Principle

$$E_A(t) \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{d_i} = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{E_i(t)}{d_i}$$



1. Research Background

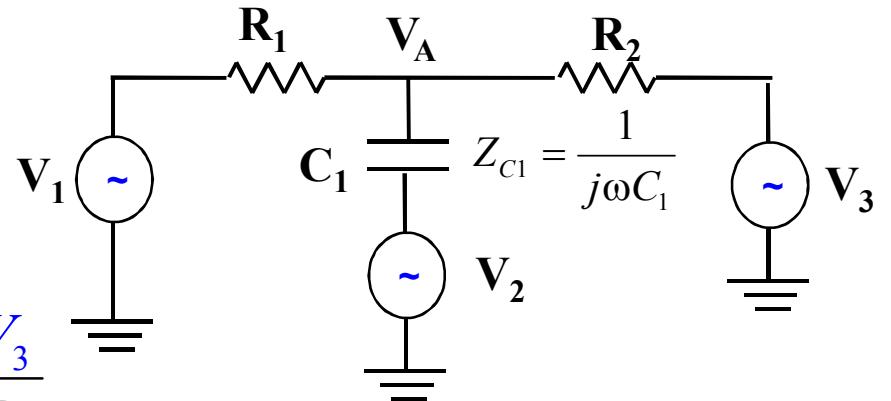
Example1 of Superposition Principle

$$V_A \left(\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{Z_{C1}} + \frac{1}{R_2} \right) = \frac{V_1}{R_1} + \frac{V_2}{Z_{C1}} + \frac{V_3}{R_2}$$

$$V_A \left(\frac{(R_1 + Z_{C1})R_2 + R_1Z_{C1}}{R_1Z_{C1}R_2} \right) = \frac{V_1}{R_1} + \frac{V_2}{Z_{C1}} + \frac{V_3}{R_2}$$

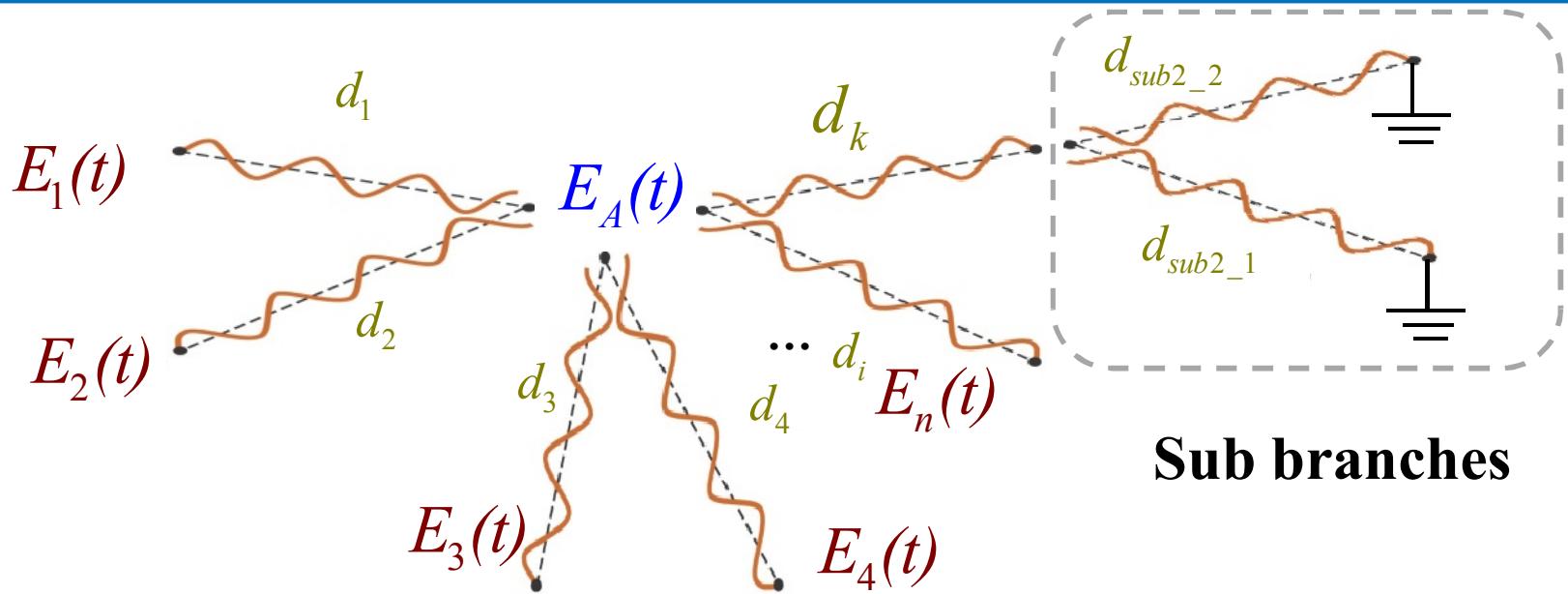
$$V_A = \frac{V_1Z_{C1}R_2 + V_2R_1R_2 + V_3R_1Z_{C1}}{(R_1 + Z_{C1})R_2 + R_1Z_{C1}}$$

$$V_A = \frac{V_1R_2 + V_2j\omega R_1R_2C_1 + V_3R_1}{(j\omega R_1C_1 + 1)R_2 + R_1}$$



1. Research Background

Superposition Principle with Sub Branches



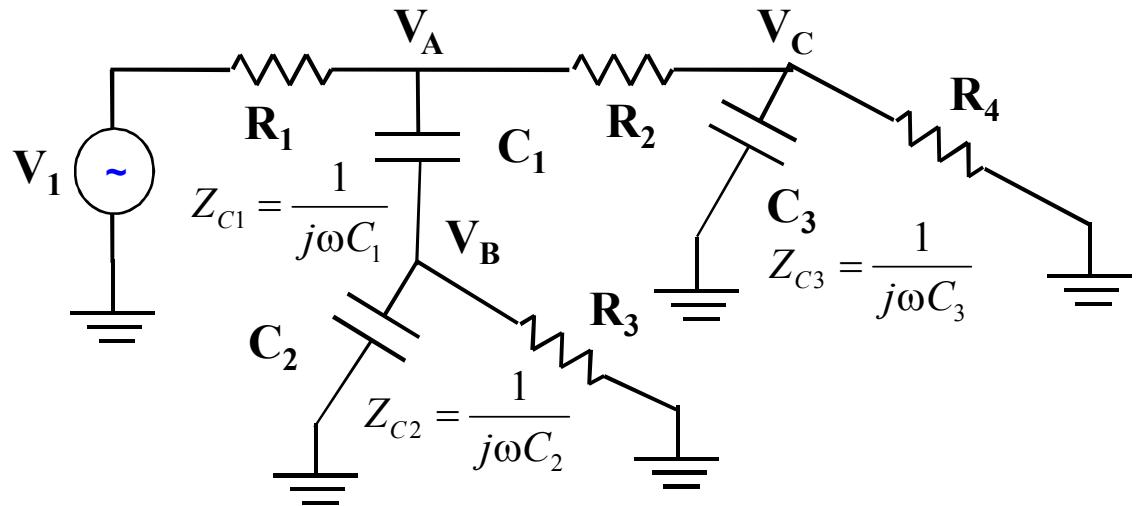
$$E_A(t) \left(\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{d_i} + \frac{1}{d_k + \frac{1}{\frac{1}{d_{k_sub1}} + \frac{1}{d_{k_sub2}} + \dots}}} \right) = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{E_i(t)}{d_i}$$

1. Research Background

Example2 of Superposition Principle

$$V_B \left(\frac{1}{Z_{C1}} + \frac{1}{Z_{C2}} + \frac{1}{R_3} \right) = \frac{V_A}{Z_{C1}}$$

$$V_C \left(\frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{Z_{C3}} + \frac{1}{R_4} \right) = \frac{V_A}{R_2}$$



$$V_A \left(\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{Z_{C1} + \frac{1}{Z_{C2} + \frac{1}{R_3}}} + \frac{1}{R_2 + \frac{1}{Z_{C3} + \frac{1}{R_4}}} \right) = \frac{V_1}{R_1}$$

1. Research Background

Energy Propagation

- Energy Propagation Function:

$$E(d, t) = E_0 e^{-\alpha d} \cos(\omega t - \beta d + \phi)$$

Wavelength $\lambda = \frac{2\pi}{\beta}$ [m]

- Lumped circuits: resistors, capacitors, inductors
 - ↪ neglect time delays (phase)
- Distributed circuit elements: transmission lines
 - ↪ account for time delays (phase change)

1. Research Background

Some Properties of Hilbert Transforms

Hilbert Transforms Table1:

Name	Function	Positive-Hilbert Transform ($\omega > 0$)	Negative-Hilbert Transform ($\omega < 0$)
Constant	C	0	0
Sine	$\sin(\omega t)$	$-\cos(\omega t)$	$\cos(\omega t)$
Cosine	$\cos(\omega t)$	$\sin(\omega t)$	$-\sin(\omega t)$
Exponential	$e^{j\omega t}$	$-je^{j\omega t}$	$je^{j\omega t}$
	$e^{-j\omega t}$	$je^{-j\omega t}$	$-je^{-j\omega t}$

- **Negative Hilbert transform:** $-\pi/2$ phase shift ($-j$)
- **Positive Hilbert transform:** $+\pi/2$ phase shift ($+j$)

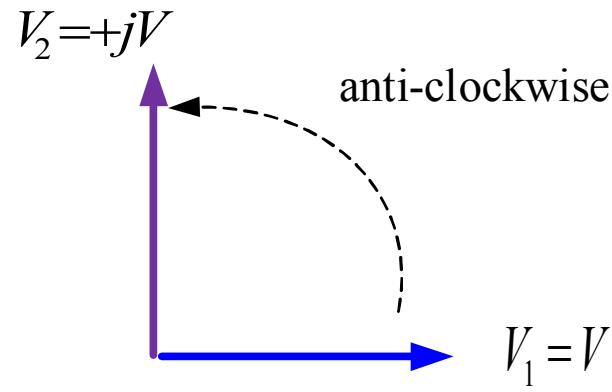
1. Research Background

Complex Signals

- **Complex signal:** a set of two (or four) sources with the same frequency and 90-degree separated phase

Positive Complex Signal

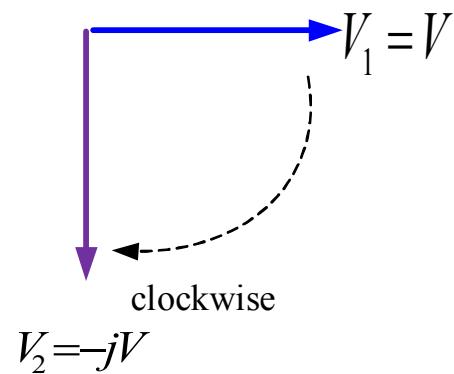
$$S_{Pos_complex} \{V_1(t); V_2(t)\} = \begin{cases} A \cos(\omega t + \theta) \\ +jA \sin(\omega t + \theta) \end{cases}$$



Positive Hilbert transform

Negative Complex Signal

$$S_{Neg_complex} \{V_1(t); V_2(t)\} = \begin{cases} A \cos(\omega t + \theta) \\ -jA \sin(\omega t + \theta) \end{cases}$$



Negative Hilbert transform

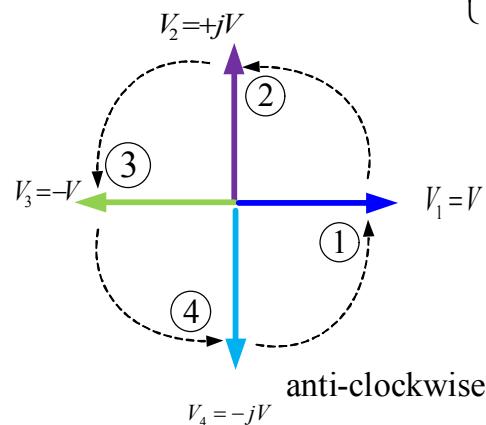
1. Research Background

Poly-phase Signals

- Poly-phase signal = Complex signal (four sources)
- Poly-phase filter = Complex filter

Positive Poly-phase Signals

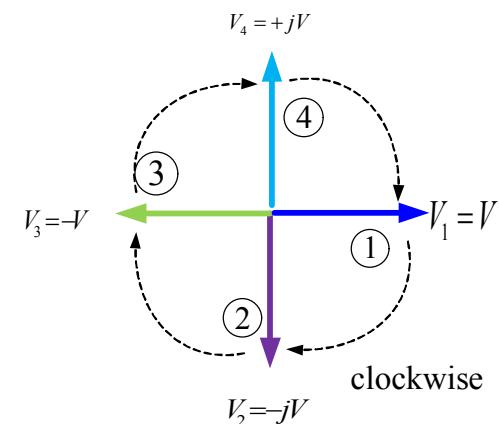
$$S_{Pos_poly} \{V_1(t); V_2(t); V_3(t); V_4(t)\} = \begin{cases} A \cos(\omega t + \theta) \\ -A \sin(\omega t + \theta) \\ -A \cos(\omega t + \theta) \\ +A \sin(\omega t + \theta) \end{cases}$$



Positive Hilbert transform

Negative Poly-phase Signals

$$S_{Neg_poly} \{V_1(t); V_2(t); V_3(t); V_4(t)\} = \begin{cases} A \cos(\omega t + \theta) \\ A \sin(\omega t + \theta) \\ -A \cos(\omega t + \theta) \\ -A \sin(\omega t + \theta) \end{cases}$$



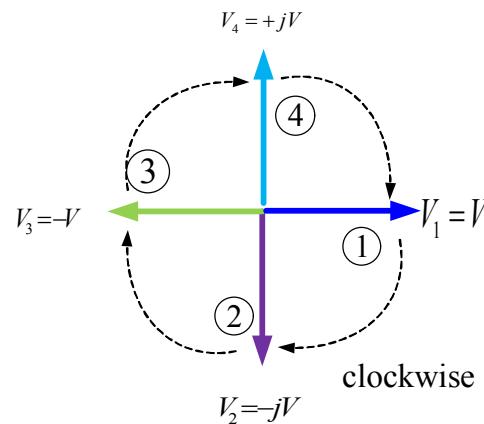
Negative Hilbert transform

1. Research Background

Phase Plane of Poly-phase Signals

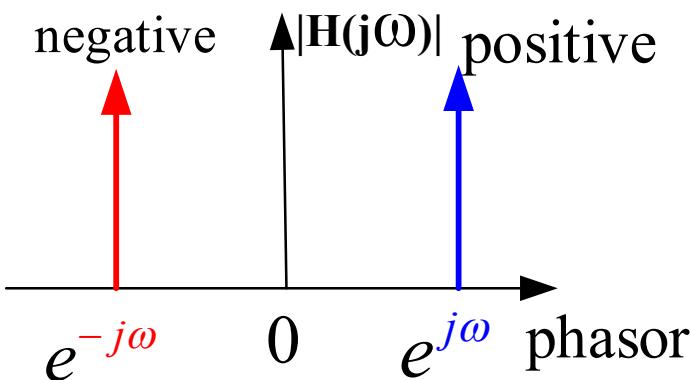
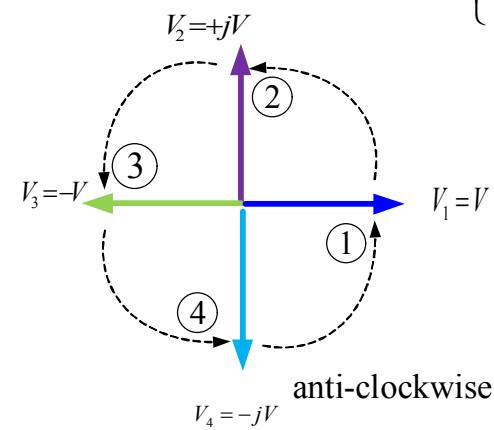
Negative Poly-phase Signals

$$S_{Neg_poly} \{V_1(t); V_2(t); V_3(t); V_4(t)\} = \begin{cases} A \cos(\omega t + \theta) \\ A \sin(\omega t + \theta) \\ -A \cos(\omega t + \theta) \\ -A \sin(\omega t + \theta) \end{cases}$$



Positive Poly-phase Signals

$$S_{Pos_poly} \{V_1(t); V_2(t); V_3(t); V_4(t)\} = \begin{cases} A \cos(\omega t + \theta) \\ -A \sin(\omega t + \theta) \\ -A \cos(\omega t + \theta) \\ +A \sin(\omega t + \theta) \end{cases}$$



1. Research Background

Phase Plane of Received Signals

Negative Poly-phase Signals

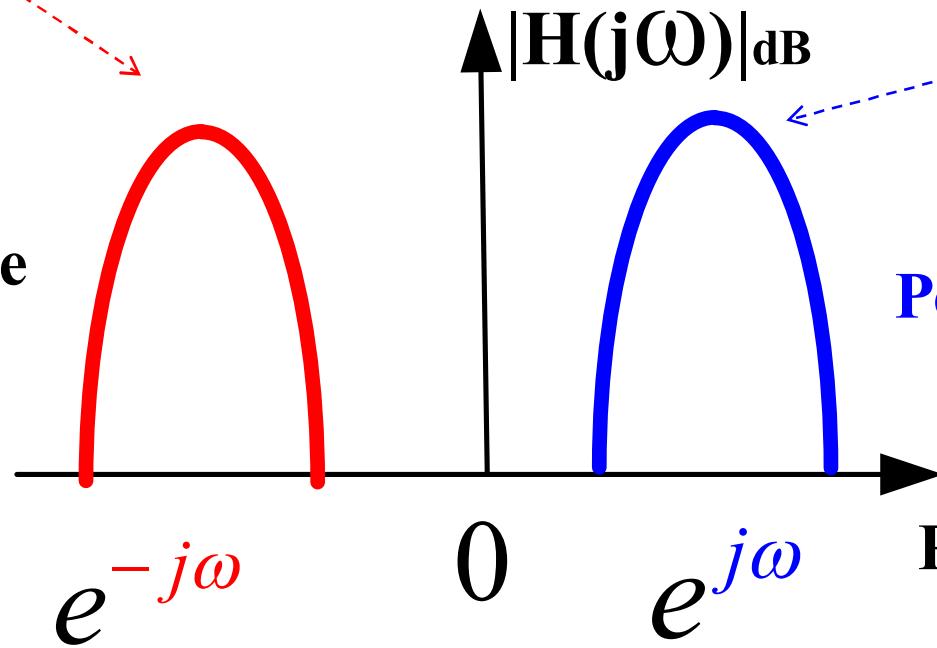
$$S_{Neg_poly} \{V_1(t); V_2(t); V_3(t); V_4(t)\} \\ = \{1; -j; -1; +j\} V_{neg}(t)$$

Positive Poly-phase Signals

$$S_{Pos_poly} \{V_1(t); V_2(t); V_3(t); V_4(t)\} \\ = \{1; j; -1; -j\} V_{pos}(t)$$

Image Signals

Negative
Poly-phase
Signal



Wanted Signals

Positive
Poly-phase
Signal

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2. Analysis of 4-Stage Passive RC Network

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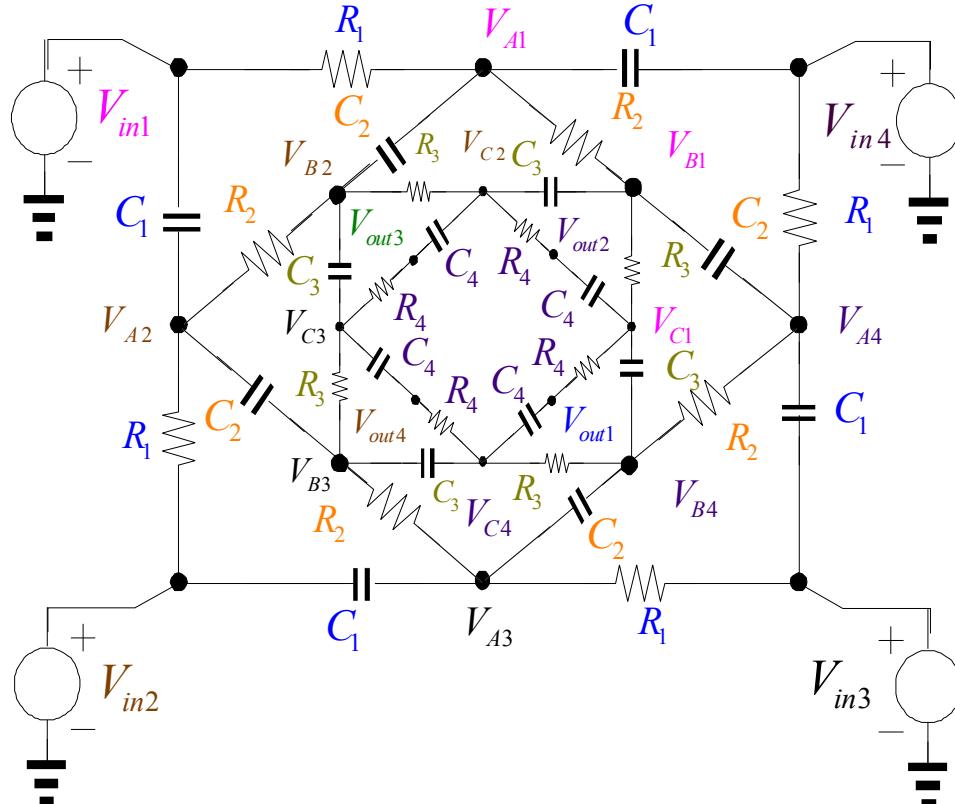
3. Proposed Model of 4-Stage Passive RC Network

- Model of 4-Stage Passive RC Network
- Simulation Results

4. Conclusions

2. Analysis of 4-Stage Passive RC Network

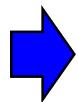
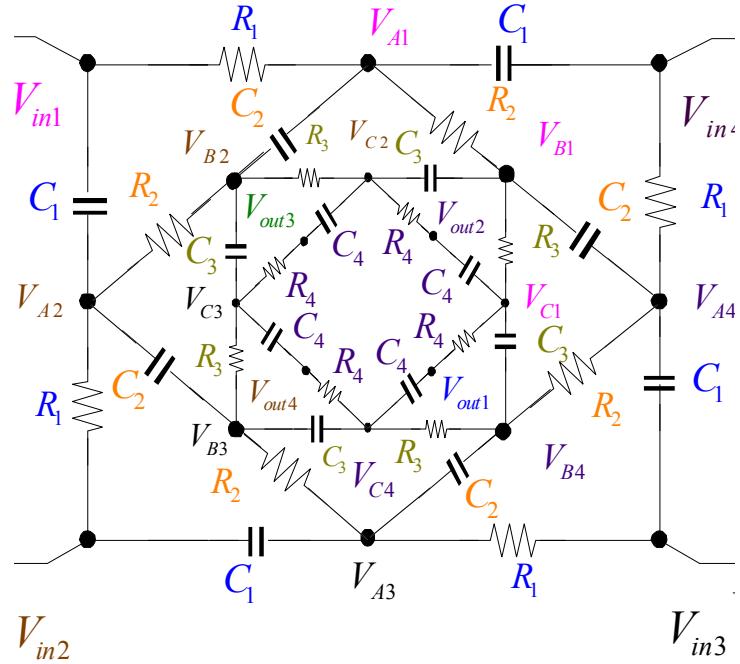
Design of 4-Stage Passive RC Network



Parameter	PPF
Input IF frequency	5MHz
Input IF Power	-60dBm
NF	10dB
Gain	0dB
Current Consumption	<5mA
Supply Voltage	1.8V
Image Rejection Ratio IMRR	< -30 dB

2. Analysis of 4-Stage Passive RC Network

Derivation of Output Voltages on 1st Loop



$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} V_{A1} Y_{total_A} = \frac{V_{in1}}{R_1} + \frac{V_{in4}}{Z_{C1}} \\ V_{A2} Y_{total_A} = \frac{V_{in2}}{R_1} + \frac{V_{in1}}{Z_{C1}} \\ V_{A3} Y_{total_A} = \frac{V_{in3}}{R_1} + \frac{V_{in2}}{Z_{C1}} \\ V_{A4} Y_{total_A} = \frac{V_{in4}}{R_1} + \frac{V_{in3}}{Z_{C1}} \end{array} \right.$$

Here:

$$\begin{aligned} Y_{total_A} &= \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{Z_{C1}} + \frac{1}{R_2 + \frac{1}{Z_{C2} + \frac{1}{R_3 + \frac{1}{Z_{C3} + \frac{1}{R_4 + \frac{1}{Z_{C4} + R_4}}}}} + \frac{1}{Z_{C2} + \frac{1}{R_2 + \frac{1}{R_3 + \frac{1}{Z_{C3} + \frac{1}{R_4 + \frac{1}{Z_{C4} + R_4}}}}} \\ &= \frac{\left[2R_1 Z_{C1} + (R_1 + Z_{C1})(R_2 + Z_{C2}) \right] \left[2R_3 Z_{C3} + (R_3 + Z_{C3})(R_4 + Z_{C4}) \right] + 2(R_3 + Z_{C3} + R_4 + Z_{C4}) \left[(R_1 + Z_{C1}) R_2 Z_{C2} + R_1 Z_{C1} (R_2 + Z_{C2}) \right]}{R_1 Z_{C1} \left\{ (R_2 + Z_{C2}) \left[2R_3 Z_{C3} + (R_3 + Z_{C3})(R_4 + Z_{C4}) \right] + 2R_2 Z_{C2} (R_3 + Z_{C3} + R_4 + Z_{C4}) \right\}} \end{aligned}$$

2. Analysis of 4-Stage Passive RC Network

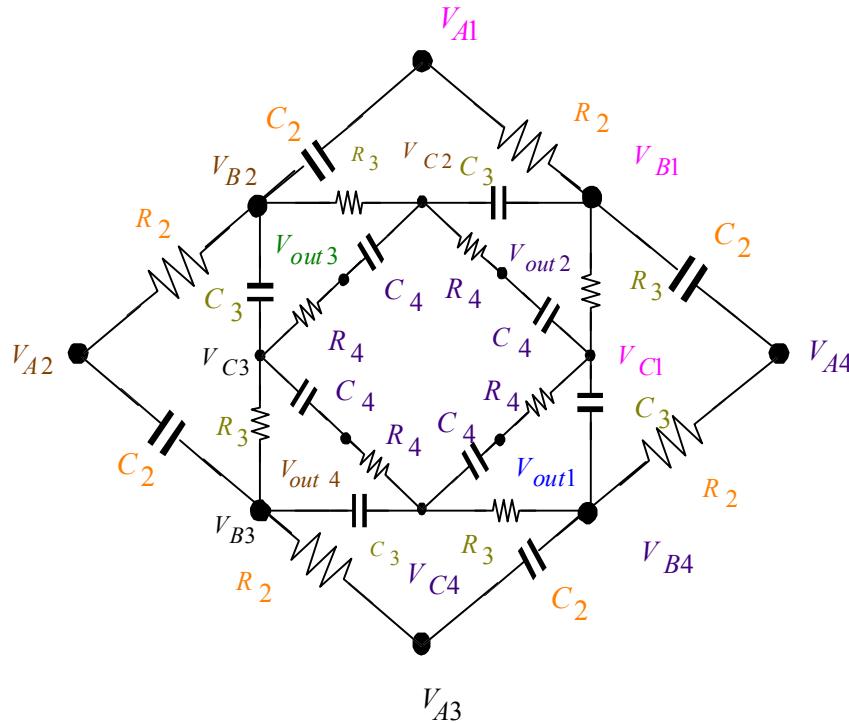
Derivation of Output Voltages on 1st Loop

Voltages on 1st loop

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} V_{A1} = V_{in1} \left(Z_{C1} + \frac{V_{in4}}{V_{in1}} R_1 \right) \frac{\left(R_2 + Z_{C2} \right) \left[2R_3 Z_{C3} + (R_3 + Z_{C3})(R_4 + Z_{C4}) \right] + 2R_2 Z_{C2} (R_3 + Z_{C3} + R_4 + Z_{C4})}{\left[2R_1 Z_{C1} + (R_1 + Z_{C1})(R_2 + Z_{C2}) \right] \left[2R_3 Z_{C3} + (R_3 + Z_{C3})(R_4 + Z_{C4}) \right]} \\ \quad \left. + 2(R_3 + Z_{C3} + R_4 + Z_{C4}) \left[(R_1 + Z_{C1}) R_2 Z_{C2} + R_1 Z_{C1} (R_2 + Z_{C2}) \right] \right\} \\ V_{A2} = V_{in2} \left(Z_{C1} + \frac{V_{in1}}{V_{in2}} R_1 \right) \frac{\left(R_2 + Z_{C2} \right) \left[2R_3 Z_{C3} + (R_3 + Z_{C3})(R_4 + Z_{C4}) \right] + 2R_2 Z_{C2} (R_3 + Z_{C3} + R_4 + Z_{C4})}{\left[2R_1 Z_{C1} + (R_1 + Z_{C1})(R_2 + Z_{C2}) \right] \left[2R_3 Z_{C3} + (R_3 + Z_{C3})(R_4 + Z_{C4}) \right]} \\ \quad \left. + 2(R_3 + Z_{C3} + R_4 + Z_{C4}) \left[(R_1 + Z_{C1}) R_2 Z_{C2} + R_1 Z_{C1} (R_2 + Z_{C2}) \right] \right\} \\ V_{A3} = V_{in3} \left(Z_{C1} + \frac{V_{in2}}{V_{in3}} R_1 \right) \frac{\left(R_2 + Z_{C2} \right) \left[2R_3 Z_{C3} + (R_3 + Z_{C3})(R_4 + Z_{C4}) \right] + 2R_2 Z_{C2} (R_3 + Z_{C3} + R_4 + Z_{C4})}{\left[2R_1 Z_{C1} + (R_1 + Z_{C1})(R_2 + Z_{C2}) \right] \left[2R_3 Z_{C3} + (R_3 + Z_{C3})(R_4 + Z_{C4}) \right]} \\ \quad \left. + 2(R_3 + Z_{C3} + R_4 + Z_{C4}) \left[(R_1 + Z_{C1}) R_2 Z_{C2} + R_1 Z_{C1} (R_2 + Z_{C2}) \right] \right\} \\ V_{A4} = V_{in4} \left(Z_{C1} + \frac{V_{in3}}{V_{in4}} R_1 \right) \frac{\left(R_2 + Z_{C2} \right) \left[2R_3 Z_{C3} + (R_3 + Z_{C3})(R_4 + Z_{C4}) \right] + 2R_2 Z_{C2} (R_3 + Z_{C3} + R_4 + Z_{C4})}{\left[2R_1 Z_{C1} + (R_1 + Z_{C1})(R_2 + Z_{C2}) \right] \left[2R_3 Z_{C3} + (R_3 + Z_{C3})(R_4 + Z_{C4}) \right]} \\ \quad \left. + 2(R_3 + Z_{C3} + R_4 + Z_{C4}) \left[(R_1 + Z_{C1}) R_2 Z_{C2} + R_1 Z_{C1} (R_2 + Z_{C2}) \right] \right\} \end{array} \right.$$

2. Analysis of 4-Stage Passive RC Network

Derivation of Output Voltages on 2nd Loop



$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} V_{B1} Y_{total_B} = \frac{V_{A1}}{R_2} + \frac{V_{A4}}{Z_{C2}} \\ V_{B2} Y_{total_B} = \frac{V_{A2}}{R_2} + \frac{V_{A1}}{Z_{C2}} \\ V_{B3} Y_{total_B} = \frac{V_{A3}}{R_2} + \frac{V_{A2}}{Z_{C2}} \\ V_{B4} Y_{total_B} = \frac{V_{A4}}{R_2} + \frac{V_{A3}}{Z_{C2}} \end{array} \right.$$

Here:
$$Y_{total_B} = \frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{Z_{C2}} + \frac{1}{R_3 + \frac{1}{Z_{C3} + \frac{1}{R_3 + \frac{1}{Z_{C4} + R_4}}}} + \frac{1}{Z_{C3} + \frac{1}{R_3 + \frac{1}{Z_{C4} + R_4}}}$$

$$= \frac{(R_2 + Z_{C2})[2R_3Z_{C3} + (R_3 + Z_{C3})(R_4 + Z_{C4})] + 2R_2Z_{C2}(R_3 + Z_{C3} + R_4 + Z_{C4})}{R_2Z_{C2}[2R_3Z_{C3} + (R_3 + Z_{C3})(R_4 + Z_{C4})]}$$

2. Analysis of 4-Stage Passive RC Network

Derivation of Output Voltages on 2nd Loop

Voltages on 2nd loop

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} V_{B1} = (V_{A1} Z_{C2} + V_{A4} R_2) \frac{\left[2R_3 Z_{C3} + (R_3 + Z_{C3})(R_4 + Z_{C4}) \right]}{\left\{ (R_2 + Z_{C2}) \left[2R_3 Z_{C3} + (R_3 + Z_{C3})(R_4 + Z_{C4}) \right] \right\}} \\ \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. + 2R_2 Z_{C2} (R_3 + Z_{C3} + R_4 + Z_{C4}) \right\} \\ \\ V_{B2} = (V_{A2} Z_{C2} + V_{A1} R_2) \frac{\left[2R_3 Z_{C3} + (R_3 + Z_{C3})(R_4 + Z_{C4}) \right]}{\left\{ (R_2 + Z_{C2}) \left[2R_3 Z_{C3} + (R_3 + Z_{C3})(R_4 + Z_{C4}) \right] \right\}} \\ \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. + 2R_2 Z_{C2} (R_3 + Z_{C3} + R_4 + Z_{C4}) \right\} \\ \\ V_{B3} = (V_{A3} Z_{C2} + V_{A2} R_2) \frac{\left[2R_3 Z_{C3} + (R_3 + Z_{C3})(R_4 + Z_{C4}) \right]}{\left\{ (R_2 + Z_{C2}) \left[2R_3 Z_{C3} + (R_3 + Z_{C3})(R_4 + Z_{C4}) \right] \right\}} \\ \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. + 2R_2 Z_{C2} (R_3 + Z_{C3} + R_4 + Z_{C4}) \right\} \\ \\ V_{B4} = (V_{A4} Z_{C2} + V_{A3} R_2) \frac{\left[2R_3 Z_{C3} + (R_3 + Z_{C3})(R_4 + Z_{C4}) \right]}{\left\{ (R_2 + Z_{C2}) \left[2R_3 Z_{C3} + (R_3 + Z_{C3})(R_4 + Z_{C4}) \right] \right\}} \\ \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. + 2R_2 Z_{C2} (R_3 + Z_{C3} + R_4 + Z_{C4}) \right\} \end{array} \right.$$

2. Analysis of 4-Stage Passive RC Network

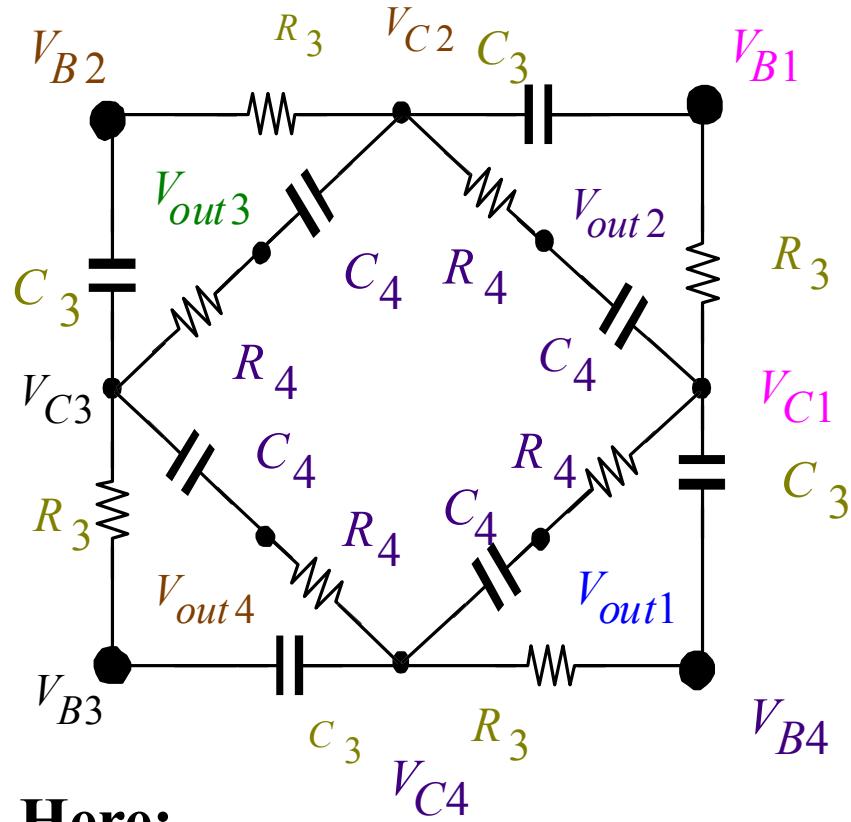
Derivation of Output Voltages on 2nd Loop

Voltages on 2nd loop

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} V_{B1} = V_{in1} \frac{\left[\left(Z_{C1} + \frac{V_{in4}}{V_{in1}} R_1 \right) Z_{C2} + \frac{V_{in4}}{V_{in1}} \left(Z_{C1} + \frac{V_{in3}}{V_{in4}} R_1 \right) R_2 \right] [2R_3 Z_{C3} + (R_3 + Z_{C3})(R_4 + Z_{C4})]}{\left\{ \begin{array}{l} [2R_1 Z_{C1} + (R_1 + Z_{C1})(R_2 + Z_{C2})][2R_3 Z_{C3} + (R_3 + Z_{C3})(R_4 + Z_{C4})] \\ + 2(R_3 + Z_{C3} + R_4 + Z_{C4})[(R_1 + Z_{C1})R_2 Z_{C2} + R_1 Z_{C1}(R_2 + Z_{C2})] \end{array} \right\}} \\ V_{B2} = V_{in2} \frac{\left[\left(Z_{C1} + \frac{V_{in1}}{V_{in2}} R_1 \right) Z_{C2} + \frac{V_{in1}}{V_{in2}} \left(Z_{C1} + \frac{V_{in4}}{V_{in1}} R_1 \right) R_2 \right] [2R_3 Z_{C3} + (R_3 + Z_{C3})(R_4 + Z_{C4})]}{\left\{ \begin{array}{l} [2R_1 Z_{C1} + (R_1 + Z_{C1})(R_2 + Z_{C2})][2R_3 Z_{C3} + (R_3 + Z_{C3})(R_4 + Z_{C4})] \\ + 2(R_3 + Z_{C3} + R_4 + Z_{C4})[(R_1 + Z_{C1})R_2 Z_{C2} + R_1 Z_{C1}(R_2 + Z_{C2})] \end{array} \right\}} \\ V_{B3} = V_{in3} \frac{\left[\left(Z_{C1} + \frac{V_{in2}}{V_{in3}} R_1 \right) Z_{C2} + \frac{V_{in2}}{V_{in3}} \left(Z_{C1} + \frac{V_{in1}}{V_{in2}} R_1 \right) R_2 \right] [2R_3 Z_{C3} + (R_3 + Z_{C3})(R_4 + Z_{C4})]}{\left\{ \begin{array}{l} [2R_1 Z_{C1} + (R_1 + Z_{C1})(R_2 + Z_{C2})][2R_3 Z_{C3} + (R_3 + Z_{C3})(R_4 + Z_{C4})] \\ + 2(R_3 + Z_{C3} + R_4 + Z_{C4})[(R_1 + Z_{C1})R_2 Z_{C2} + R_1 Z_{C1}(R_2 + Z_{C2})] \end{array} \right\}} \\ V_{B4} = V_{in4} \frac{\left[\left(Z_{C1} + \frac{V_{in3}}{V_{in4}} R_1 \right) Z_{C2} + \frac{V_{in3}}{V_{in4}} \left(Z_{C1} + \frac{V_{in2}}{V_{in3}} R_1 \right) R_2 \right] [2R_3 Z_{C3} + (R_3 + Z_{C3})(R_4 + Z_{C4})]}{\left\{ \begin{array}{l} [2R_1 Z_{C1} + (R_1 + Z_{C1})(R_2 + Z_{C2})][2R_3 Z_{C3} + (R_3 + Z_{C3})(R_4 + Z_{C4})] \\ + 2(R_3 + Z_{C3} + R_4 + Z_{C4})[(R_1 + Z_{C1})R_2 Z_{C2} + R_1 Z_{C1}(R_2 + Z_{C2})] \end{array} \right\}} \end{array} \right.$$

2. Analysis of 4-Stage Passive RC Network

Derivation of Output Voltages on 3rd Loop



Here:

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} V_{C1} Y_{total_C} = \frac{V_{B1}}{R_3} + \frac{V_{B4}}{Z_{C3}} \\ V_{C2} Y_{total_C} = \frac{V_{B2}}{R_3} + \frac{V_{B1}}{Z_{C3}} \\ V_{C3} Y_{total_C} = \frac{V_{B3}}{R_3} + \frac{V_{B2}}{Z_{C3}} \\ V_{C4} Y_{total_C} = \frac{V_{B4}}{R_3} + \frac{V_{B3}}{Z_{C3}} \end{array} \right.$$

$$Y_{total_C} = \frac{1}{R_3} + \frac{1}{Z_{C3}} + \frac{2}{Z_{C4} + R_4} = \frac{(Z_{C3} + R_3)(Z_{C4} + R_4) + 2R_3 Z_{C3}}{R_3 Z_{C3} (Z_{C4} + R_4)}$$

2. Analysis of 4-Stage Passive RC Network

Derivation of Output Voltages on 3rd Loop

Voltages on 3rd loop

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} V_{C1} = (V_{B1}Z_{C3} + V_{B4}R_3) \frac{(Z_{C4} + R_4)}{(Z_{C3} + R_3)(Z_{C4} + R_4) + 2R_3Z_{C3}} \\ V_{C2} = (V_{B2}Z_{C3} + V_{B1}R_3) \frac{(Z_{C4} + R_4)}{(Z_{C3} + R_3)(Z_{C4} + R_4) + 2R_3Z_{C3}} \\ V_{C3} = (V_{B3}Z_{C3} + V_{B2}R_3) \frac{(Z_{C4} + R_4)}{(Z_{C3} + R_3)(Z_{C4} + R_4) + 2R_3Z_{C3}} \\ V_{C4} = (V_{B4}Z_{C3} + V_{B3}R_3) \frac{(Z_{C4} + R_4)}{(Z_{C3} + R_3)(Z_{C4} + R_4) + 2R_3Z_{C3}} \end{array} \right.$$

2. Analysis of 4-Stage Passive RC Network

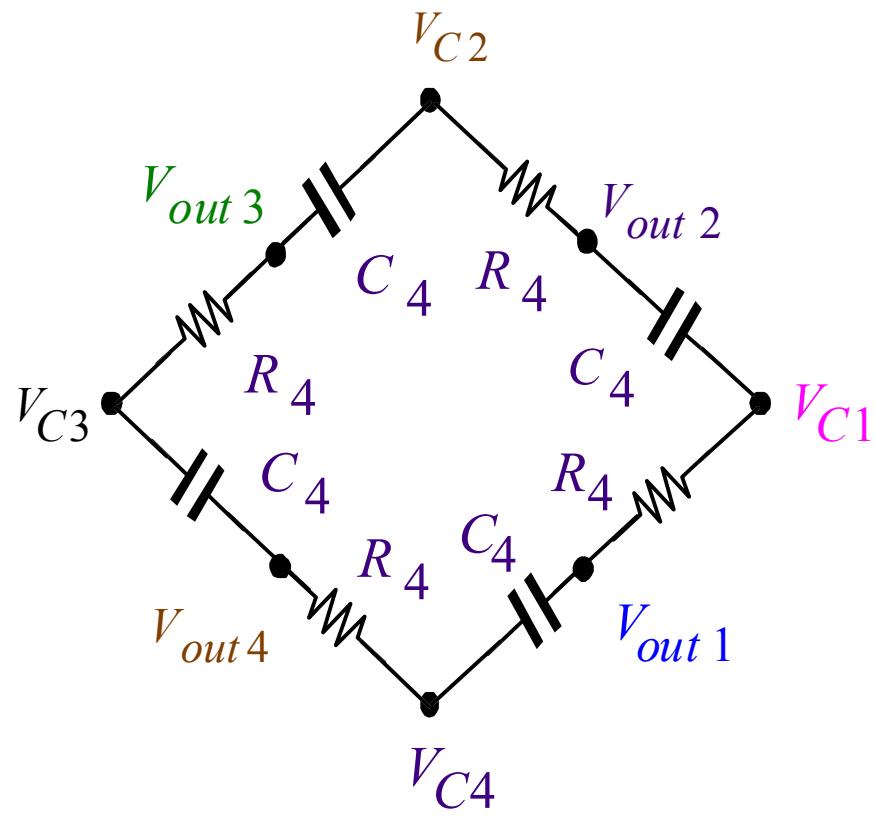
Derivation of Output Voltages on 3rd Loop

Voltages on 3rd loop

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} V_{C1} = V_{in1} \frac{\left[\left(Z_{C1} + \frac{V_{in4}}{V_{in1}} R_1 \right) Z_{C2} + \frac{V_{in4}}{V_{in1}} \left(Z_{C1} + \frac{V_{in3}}{V_{in4}} R_1 \right) R_2 \right] Z_{C3} + \frac{V_{in4}}{V_{in1}} \left[\left(Z_{C1} + \frac{V_{in3}}{V_{in4}} R_1 \right) Z_{C2} + \frac{V_{in3}}{V_{in4}} \left(Z_{C1} + \frac{V_{in2}}{V_{in3}} R_1 \right) R_2 \right] R_3 \right] (Z_{C4} + R_4) \\ \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. \begin{array}{l} \left[2R_1 Z_{C1} + (R_1 + Z_{C1})(R_2 + Z_{C2}) \right] \left[2R_3 Z_{C3} + (R_3 + Z_{C3})(R_4 + Z_{C4}) \right] \\ + 2(R_3 + Z_{C3} + R_4 + Z_{C4}) \left[(R_1 + Z_{C1}) R_2 Z_{C2} + R_1 Z_{C1} (R_2 + Z_{C2}) \right] \end{array} \right\} \\ \\ V_{C2} = V_{in2} \frac{\left[\left(Z_{C1} + \frac{V_{in1}}{V_{in2}} R_1 \right) Z_{C2} + \frac{V_{in1}}{V_{in2}} \left(Z_{C1} + \frac{V_{in4}}{V_{in1}} R_1 \right) R_2 \right] Z_{C3} + \frac{V_{in1}}{V_{in2}} \left[\left(Z_{C1} + \frac{V_{in4}}{V_{in1}} R_1 \right) Z_{C2} + \frac{V_{in4}}{V_{in1}} \left(Z_{C1} + \frac{V_{in3}}{V_{in4}} R_1 \right) R_2 \right] R_3 \right] (Z_{C4} + R_4) \\ \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. \begin{array}{l} \left[2R_1 Z_{C1} + (R_1 + Z_{C1})(R_2 + Z_{C2}) \right] \left[2R_3 Z_{C3} + (R_3 + Z_{C3})(R_4 + Z_{C4}) \right] \\ + 2(R_3 + Z_{C3} + R_4 + Z_{C4}) \left[(R_1 + Z_{C1}) R_2 Z_{C2} + R_1 Z_{C1} (R_2 + Z_{C2}) \right] \end{array} \right\} \\ \\ V_{C3} = V_{in3} \frac{\left[\left(Z_{C1} + \frac{V_{in2}}{V_{in3}} R_1 \right) Z_{C2} + \frac{V_{in2}}{V_{in3}} \left(Z_{C1} + \frac{V_{in1}}{V_{in2}} R_1 \right) R_2 \right] Z_{C3} + \frac{V_{in2}}{V_{in3}} \left[\left(Z_{C1} + \frac{V_{in1}}{V_{in2}} R_1 \right) Z_{C2} + \frac{V_{in1}}{V_{in2}} \left(Z_{C1} + \frac{V_{in4}}{V_{in1}} R_1 \right) R_2 \right] R_3 \right] (Z_{C4} + R_4) \\ \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. \begin{array}{l} \left[2R_1 Z_{C1} + (R_1 + Z_{C1})(R_2 + Z_{C2}) \right] \left[2R_3 Z_{C3} + (R_3 + Z_{C3})(R_4 + Z_{C4}) \right] \\ + 2(R_3 + Z_{C3} + R_4 + Z_{C4}) \left[(R_1 + Z_{C1}) R_2 Z_{C2} + R_1 Z_{C1} (R_2 + Z_{C2}) \right] \end{array} \right\} \\ \\ V_{C4} = V_{in4} \frac{\left[\left(Z_{C1} + \frac{V_{in3}}{V_{in4}} R_1 \right) Z_{C2} + \frac{V_{in3}}{V_{in4}} \left(Z_{C1} + \frac{V_{in2}}{V_{in3}} R_1 \right) R_2 \right] Z_{C3} + \frac{V_{in3}}{V_{in4}} \left[\left(Z_{C1} + \frac{V_{in2}}{V_{in3}} R_1 \right) Z_{C2} + \frac{V_{in2}}{V_{in3}} \left(Z_{C1} + \frac{V_{in1}}{V_{in2}} R_1 \right) R_2 \right] R_3 \right] (Z_{C4} + R_4) \\ \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. \begin{array}{l} \left[2R_1 Z_{C1} + (R_1 + Z_{C1})(R_2 + Z_{C2}) \right] \left[2R_3 Z_{C3} + (R_3 + Z_{C3})(R_4 + Z_{C4}) \right] \\ + 2(R_3 + Z_{C3} + R_4 + Z_{C4}) \left[(R_1 + Z_{C1}) R_2 Z_{C2} + R_1 Z_{C1} (R_2 + Z_{C2}) \right] \end{array} \right\} \end{array} \right.$$

2. Analysis of 4-Stage Passive RC Network

Derivation of Output Voltages on 4th Loop



$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} V_{out1} Y_{total_D} = \frac{V_{C1}}{R_4} + \frac{V_{C4}}{Z_{C4}} \\ V_{out2} Y_{total_D} = \frac{V_{C2}}{R_4} + \frac{V_{C1}}{Z_{C4}} \\ V_{out3} Y_{total_D} = \frac{V_{C3}}{R_4} + \frac{V_{C2}}{Z_{C4}} \\ V_{out4} Y_{total_D} = \frac{V_{C4}}{R_4} + \frac{V_{C3}}{Z_{C4}} \end{array} \right.$$

Here:

$$Y_{total_D} = \frac{1}{R_4} + \frac{1}{Z_{C4}} = \frac{R_4 + Z_{C4}}{R_4 Z_{C4}}$$

2. Analysis of 4-Stage Passive RC Network

Derivation of Output Voltages on 4th Loop

Voltages on 4th loop

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} V_{out1} = (V_{C1}Z_{C4} + V_{C4}R_4) \frac{1}{R_4 + Z_{C4}} \\ V_{out2} = (V_{C2}Z_{C4} + V_{C1}R_4) \frac{1}{R_4 + Z_{C4}} \\ V_{out3} = (V_{C3}Z_{C4} + V_{C2}R_4) \frac{1}{R_4 + Z_{C4}} \\ V_{out4} = (V_{C4}Z_{C4} + V_{C3}R_4) \frac{1}{R_4 + Z_{C4}} \end{array} \right.$$

2. Analysis of 4-Stage Passive RC Network

Derivation of Output Voltages on 4th Loop

Voltages on 4th loop

2. Analysis of 4-Stage Passive RC Network

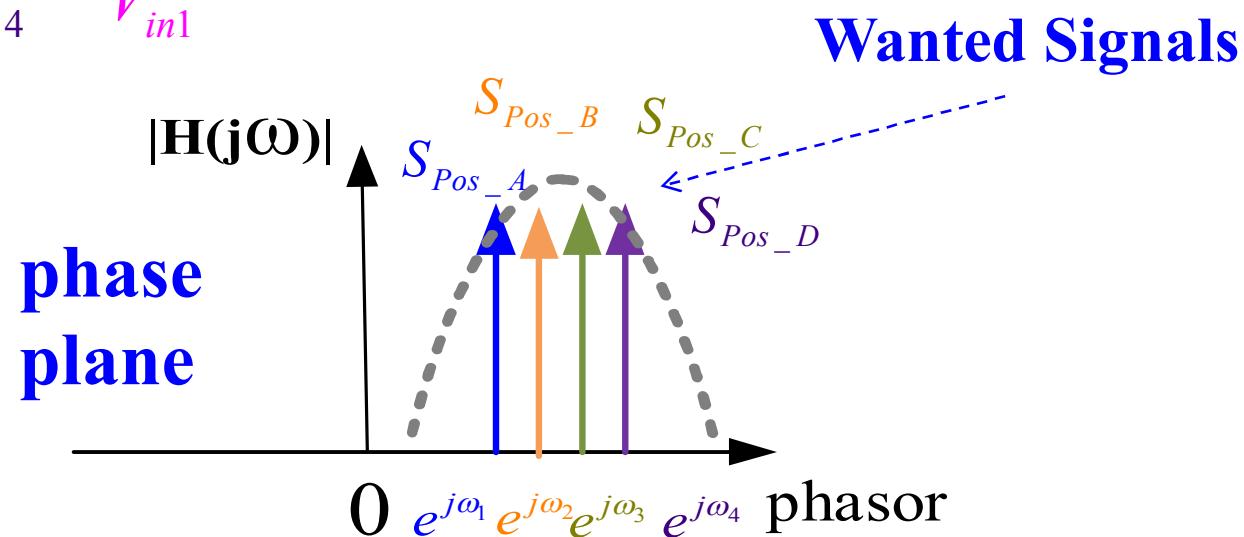
Model of Input Wanted Signals

$$S_{Pos_poly} \{ V_1(t); V_2(t); V_3(t); V_4(t) \}$$

$$= \{1; j; -1; -j\} V_{pos}(t) = \left\{ 1; e^{j\frac{\pi}{2}}; e^{j\pi}; e^{j\frac{3\pi}{2}} \right\} \sum_{k=1}^n A_k \cos(\omega_k t + \theta_k)$$

Positive poly-phase signals

$$\frac{V_{in1}}{V_{in2}} = \frac{V_{in2}}{V_{in3}} = \frac{V_{in3}}{V_{in4}} = \frac{V_{in4}}{V_{in1}} = -j$$



2. Analysis of 4-Stage Passive RC Network

Derivation of Output Voltages (Wanted Signal)

Output voltages

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} V_{out1} = V_{in1} \frac{(Z_{C4} - jR_4)(Z_{C3} - jR_3)(Z_{C2} - jR_2)(Z_{C1} - jR_1)}{\left[2R_1Z_{C1} + (Z_{C2} + R_2)(Z_{C1} + R_1) \right] \left[2R_3Z_{C3} + (Z_{C3} + R_3)(Z_{C4} + R_4) \right]} \\ \quad \left. \left\{ +2(Z_{C3} + R_3 + Z_{C4} + R_4) \left[(Z_{C1} + R_1)R_2Z_{C2} + (Z_{C2} + R_2)R_1Z_{C1} \right] \right\} \right. \\ \\ V_{out2} = V_{in2} \frac{(Z_{C4} - jR_4)(Z_{C3} - jR_3)(Z_{C2} - jR_2)(Z_{C1} - jR_1)}{\left[2R_1Z_{C1} + (Z_{C2} + R_2)(Z_{C1} + R_1) \right] \left[2R_3Z_{C3} + (Z_{C3} + R_3)(Z_{C4} + R_4) \right]} \\ \quad \left. \left\{ +2(Z_{C3} + R_3 + Z_{C4} + R_4) \left[(Z_{C1} + R_1)R_2Z_{C2} + (Z_{C2} + R_2)R_1Z_{C1} \right] \right\} \right. \\ \\ V_{out3} = V_{in3} \frac{(Z_{C4} - jR_4)(Z_{C3} - jR_3)(Z_{C2} - jR_2)(Z_{C1} - jR_1)}{\left[2R_1Z_{C1} + (Z_{C2} + R_2)(Z_{C1} + R_1) \right] \left[2R_3Z_{C3} + (Z_{C3} + R_3)(Z_{C4} + R_4) \right]} \\ \quad \left. \left\{ +2(Z_{C3} + R_3 + Z_{C4} + R_4) \left[(Z_{C1} + R_1)R_2Z_{C2} + (Z_{C2} + R_2)R_1Z_{C1} \right] \right\} \right. \\ \\ V_{out4} = V_{in4} \frac{(Z_{C4} - jR_4)(Z_{C3} - jR_3)(Z_{C2} - jR_2)(Z_{C1} - jR_1)}{\left[2R_1Z_{C1} + (Z_{C2} + R_2)(Z_{C1} + R_1) \right] \left[2R_3Z_{C3} + (Z_{C3} + R_3)(Z_{C4} + R_4) \right]} \\ \quad \left. \left\{ +2(Z_{C3} + R_3 + Z_{C4} + R_4) \left[(Z_{C1} + R_1)R_2Z_{C2} + (Z_{C2} + R_2)R_1Z_{C1} \right] \right\} \right. \end{array} \right.$$

2. Analysis of 4-Stage Passive RC Network

Derivation of Transfer Function (Wanted Signal)

Transfer Function

$$H = \frac{V_{out1}}{V_{in1}} = \frac{V_{out2}}{V_{in2}} = \frac{V_{out3}}{V_{in3}} = \frac{V_{out4}}{V_{in4}}$$
$$= \frac{(Z_{C4} - jR_4)(Z_{C3} - jR_3)(Z_{C2} - jR_2)(Z_{C1} - jR_1)}{\left\{ [2R_1Z_{C1} + (Z_{C2} + R_2)(Z_{C1} + R_1)][2R_3Z_{C3} + (Z_{C3} + R_3)(Z_{C4} + R_4)] \right\} \\ + 2(Z_{C3} + R_3 + Z_{C4} + R_4) \left[(Z_{C1} + R_1)R_2Z_{C2} + (Z_{C2} + R_2)R_1Z_{C1} \right]}$$

$$Z_{C1} = \frac{1}{j2\pi f C_1}; Z_{C2} = \frac{1}{j2\pi f C_2}$$

$$Z_{C3} = \frac{1}{j2\pi f C_3}$$

$$Z_{C4} = \frac{1}{j2\pi f C_4}$$

$$f_1 = \frac{1}{2\pi R_1 C_1}; f_2 = \frac{1}{2\pi R_2 C_2}; f_{21} = \frac{1}{2\pi R_2 C_1};$$

$$f_3 = \frac{1}{2\pi R_3 C_3}; f_{31} = \frac{1}{2\pi R_3 C_1}; f_{32} = \frac{1}{2\pi R_3 C_2};$$

$$f_4 = \frac{1}{2\pi R_4 C_4}; f_{41} = \frac{1}{2\pi R_4 C_1}; f_{42} = \frac{1}{2\pi R_4 C_2}; f_{43} = \frac{1}{2\pi R_4 C_3};$$

2. Analysis of 4-Stage Passive RC Network

Derivation of Transfer Function (Wanted Signal)

Transfer Function

$$H = \frac{\left\{ s^4 + js^3(f_4 + f_3 + f_2 + f_1) - s^2 [f_4(f_3 + f_2 + f_1) + f_3(f_2 + f_1) + f_2 f_1] \right.}{\left. - js \{ f_4 [f_3(f_2 + f_1) + f_2 f_1] + f_3 f_2 f_1 \} + f_4 f_3 f_2 f_1 \right\}} \\ \frac{s^4 + s^3(f_4 + f_3 + f_2 + f_1 + 2[(f_{43} + f_{42} + f_{41}) + (f_{32} + f_{31}) + f_{21}])}{\left\{ \begin{array}{l} f_4(f_3 + f_2 + f_1) + f_3(f_2 + f_1) + f_2 f_1 \\ + s^2 [+ 4f_{43}f_{21} + 2 \left(f_4((f_{32} + f_{31}) + f_{21}) + f_3((f_{42} + f_{41}) + f_{21}) \right. \\ \left. + f_2((f_{43} + f_{41}) + f_{31}) + f_1((f_{43} + f_{42}) + f_{32}) \right)] \\ + s \left\{ f_4 [f_3(f_2 + f_1) + f_2 f_1] + f_3 f_2 f_1 + 2 \left(f_4(f_3 f_{21} + f_2 f_{31} + f_1 f_{32}) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. + f_3(f_2 f_{41} + f_1 f_{42}) + f_2 f_1 f_{43} \right) \right\} \\ + f_4 f_3 f_2 f_1 \end{array} \right\}}$$

2. Analysis of 4-Stage Passive RC Network

Derivation of Transfer Function (Wanted Signal)

$$a_1 = f_4 + f_3 + f_2 + f_1$$

$$a_2 = f_4(f_3 + f_2 + f_1) + f_3(f_2 + f_1) + f_2f_1$$

$$a_3 = f_4[f_3(f_2 + f_1) + f_2f_1] + f_3f_2f_1$$

$$a_4 = f_4f_3f_2f_1$$

$$a_5 = a_1 + 2[(f_{43} + f_{42} + f_{41}) + (f_{32} + f_{31}) + f_{21}]$$

$$a_6 = a_2 + 4f_{43}f_{21} + 2 \left(\begin{aligned} & f_4((f_{32} + f_{31}) + f_{21}) + f_3((f_{42} + f_{41}) + f_{21}) \\ & + f_2((f_{43} + f_{41}) + f_{31}) + f_1((f_{43} + f_{42}) + f_{32}) \end{aligned} \right)$$

$$a_7 = a_3 + 2(f_4(f_3f_{21} + f_2f_{31} + f_1f_{32}) + f_3(f_2f_{41} + f_1f_{42}) + f_2f_1f_{43})$$

Transfer function

$$H_{Pos}(j2\pi f) = \frac{s^4 + ja_1s^3 - a_2s^2 - ja_3s + a_4}{s^4 + a_5s^3 + a_6s^2 + a_7s + a_4}$$

2. Analysis of 4-Stage Passive RC Network

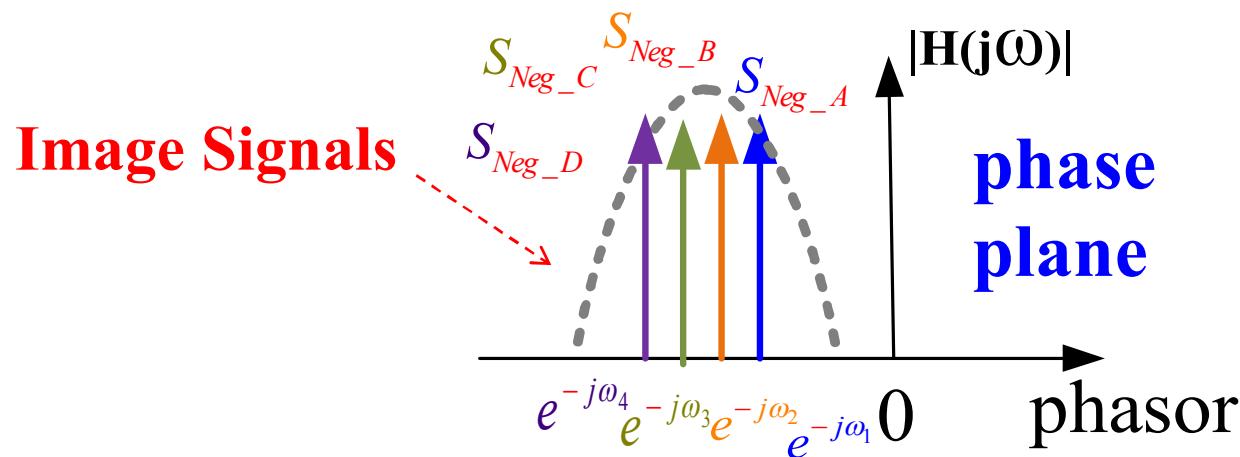
Model of Input Image Signals

$$S_{\text{Neg_poly}} \{ V_1(t); V_2(t); V_3(t); V_4(t) \}$$

$$= \{ V(t); -jV(t); -V(t); jV(t) \} = \left\{ V(t); e^{-j\frac{\pi}{2}}V(t); e^{-j\pi}V(t); e^{-j\frac{3\pi}{2}}V(t) \right\}$$

Negative poly-phase signals

$$\frac{V_{in1}}{V_{in2}} = \frac{V_{in2}}{V_{in3}} = \frac{V_{in3}}{V_{in4}} = \frac{V_{in4}}{V_{in1}} = +j$$



2. Analysis of 4-Stage Passive RC Network

Derivation of Transfer Function (Image Signal)

Transfer Function

$$H = \frac{(Z_{C4} + jR_4)(Z_{C3} + jR_3)(Z_{C2} + jR_2)(Z_{C1} + jR_1)}{\left[2R_1Z_{C1} + (Z_{C2} + R_2)(Z_{C1} + R_1)\right]\left[2R_3Z_{C3} + (Z_{C3} + R_3)(Z_{C4} + R_4)\right] + 2(Z_{C3} + R_3 + Z_{C4} + R_4)[(Z_{C1} + R_1)R_2Z_{C2} + (Z_{C2} + R_2)R_1Z_{C1}]}$$
$$H = \frac{s^4 - js^3(f_4 + f_3 + f_2 + f_1) - s^2[f_4(f_3 + f_2 + f_1) + f_3(f_2 + f_1) + f_2f_1] + js\{f_4[f_3(f_2 + f_1) + f_2f_1] + f_3f_2f_1\} + f_4f_3f_2f_1}{s^4 + s^3(f_4 + f_3 + f_2 + f_1 + 2[(f_{43} + f_{42} + f_{41}) + (f_{32} + f_{31}) + f_{21}]) + s^2\left[f_4(f_3 + f_2 + f_1) + f_3(f_2 + f_1) + f_2f_1 + 4f_{43}f_{21} + 2\left(f_4((f_{32} + f_{31}) + f_{21}) + f_3((f_{42} + f_{41}) + f_{21}) + f_2((f_{43} + f_{41}) + f_{31}) + f_1((f_{43} + f_{42}) + f_{32})\right)\right] + s\left\{f_4[f_3(f_2 + f_1) + f_2f_1] + f_3f_2f_1 + 2\left(f_4(f_3f_{21} + f_2f_{31} + f_1f_{32}) + f_3(f_2f_{41} + f_1f_{42}) + f_2f_1f_{43}\right)\right\} + f_4f_3f_2f_1}$$
$$H_{Neg}(j2\pi f) = \frac{s^4 - ja_1s^3 - a_2s^2 + ja_3s + a_4}{s^4 + a_5s^3 + a_6s^2 + a_7s + a_4}$$

2. Analysis of 4-Stage Passive RC Network

Composed Transfer Function of 4-Stage Passive RC Network

Wanted Signals

$$H_{Pos}(j2\pi f) = \frac{s^4 + ja_1s^3 - a_2s^2 - ja_3s + a_4}{s^4 + a_5s^3 + a_6s^2 + a_7s + a_4}; \forall f > 0$$

Image Signals

$$H_{Neg}(j2\pi f) = \frac{s^4 - ja_1s^3 - a_2s^2 + ja_3s + a_4}{s^4 + a_5s^3 + a_6s^2 + a_7s + a_4}; \forall f < 0$$

Composed transfer function

$$|H(f)| = \frac{|f^4 + a_1f^3 + a_2f^2 + a_3f + a_4|}{\sqrt{(f^4 + a_4 - a_6f^2)^2 + (a_7f - a_5f^3)^2}}; \forall f \in R$$

2. Analysis of 4-Stage Passive RC Network

Analysis of Transfer Function (Positive Frequency)

$$|H(f)| = \frac{f^4 + a_1 f^3 + a_2 f^2 + a_3 f + a_4}{\sqrt{(f^4 + a_4 - a_6 f^2)^2 + (a_7 f - a_5 f^3)^2}}; \forall f > 0$$

$$\lim_{f \rightarrow 0} |H(f)| = \lim_{f \rightarrow 0} \frac{f^4 + a_1 f^3 + a_2 f^2 + a_3 f + a_4}{\sqrt{(f^4 + a_4 - a_6 f^2)^2 + (a_7 f - a_5 f^3)^2}} = 1$$

$$\lim_{f \rightarrow \infty} |H(f)| = \lim_{f \rightarrow \infty} \frac{f^4 + a_1 f^3 + a_2 f^2 + a_3 f + a_4}{\sqrt{(f^4 + a_4 - a_6 f^2)^2 + (a_7 f - a_5 f^3)^2}} = 1$$

$$\min(|H(f)|) \text{ as } f = \sqrt[4]{f_4 f_3 f_2 f_1}$$

Applying Cauchy-Schwarz inequality theorem:

$$a, b > 0, a^2 + b^2 \geq 2ab; \min(a^2 + b^2) = 2ab \text{ as "a = b"}$$

$$(f^4 + a_4 - a_6 f^2)^2 + (a_7 f - a_5 f^3)^2 \geq 2 |(f^4 + a_4 - a_6 f^2)| |(a_7 f - a_5 f^3)|$$

$$|(f^4 + a_4 - a_6 f^2)| = |(a_7 f - a_5 f^3)|; \Rightarrow \begin{cases} f_{\min 1} = \dots \\ f_{\min 2} = \dots \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \max 1(|H(f)|) \\ \max 2(|H(f)|) \end{cases}$$

2. Analysis of 4-Stage Passive RC Network

Analysis of Transfer Function (Negative Frequency)

$$|H(f)| = \frac{f^4 - a_1 f^3 + a_2 f^2 - a_3 f + a_4}{\sqrt{(f^4 + a_4 - a_6 f^2)^2 + (a_7 f - a_5 f^3)^2}}; \forall f < 0$$

$$\lim_{f \rightarrow 0} |H(f)| = \lim_{f \rightarrow 0} \frac{f^4 - a_1 f^3 + a_2 f^2 - a_3 f + a_4}{\sqrt{(f^4 + a_4 - a_6 f^2)^2 + (a_7 f - a_5 f^3)^2}} = 1$$

$$\lim_{f \rightarrow -\infty} |H(f)| = \lim_{f \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{f^4 - a_1 f^3 + a_2 f^2 - a_3 f + a_4}{\sqrt{(f^4 + a_4 - a_6 f^2)^2 + (a_7 f - a_5 f^3)^2}} = 1$$

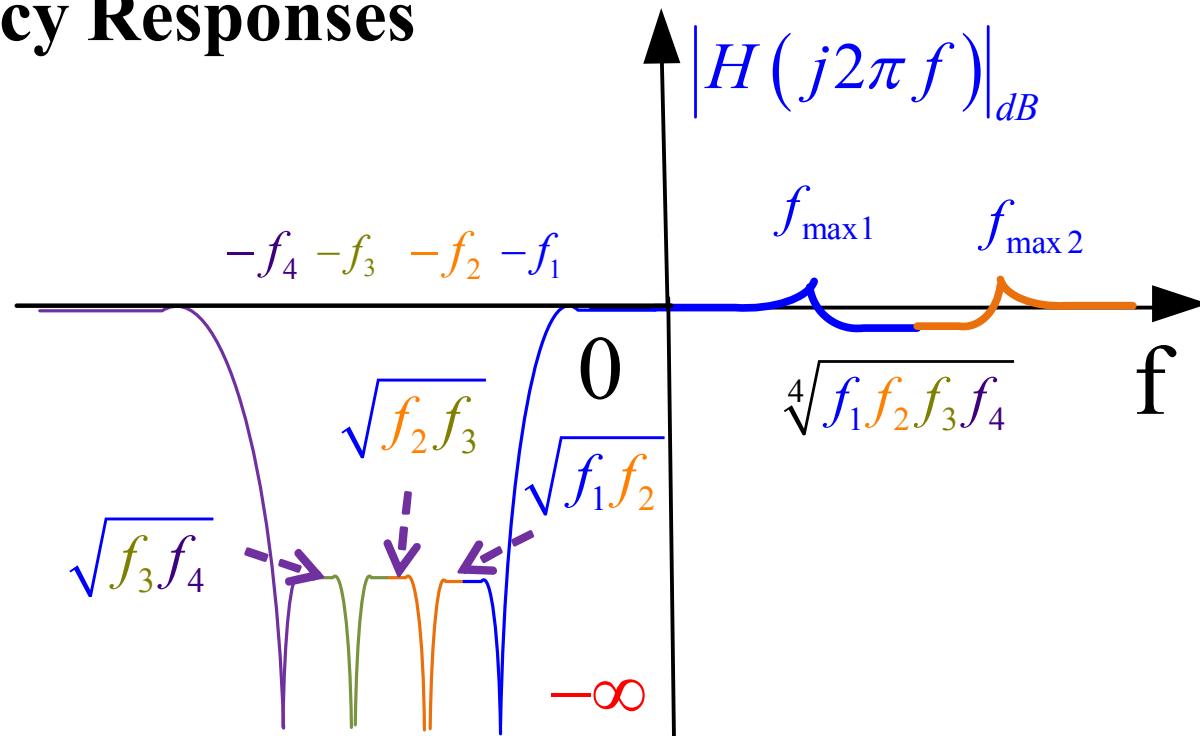
$$\min(|H(f)|_{dB}) = -\infty; \text{as } f = -f_1 \vee f = -f_2 \vee f = -f_3 \vee f = -f_4$$

$$\max 1(|H(f)|) \text{as } f = \sqrt{f_1 f_2}; \max 2(|H(f)|) \text{as } f = \sqrt{f_2 f_3}; \max 3(|H(f)|) \text{as } f = \sqrt{f_3 f_4}$$

2. Analysis of 4-Stage Passive RC Network Frequency Responses

Transfer function $|H(f)| = \frac{|f^4 + a_1 f^3 + a_2 f^2 + a_3 f + a_4|}{\sqrt{(f^4 + a_4 - a_6 f^2)^2 + (a_7 f - a_5 f^3)^2}}; \forall f \in R$

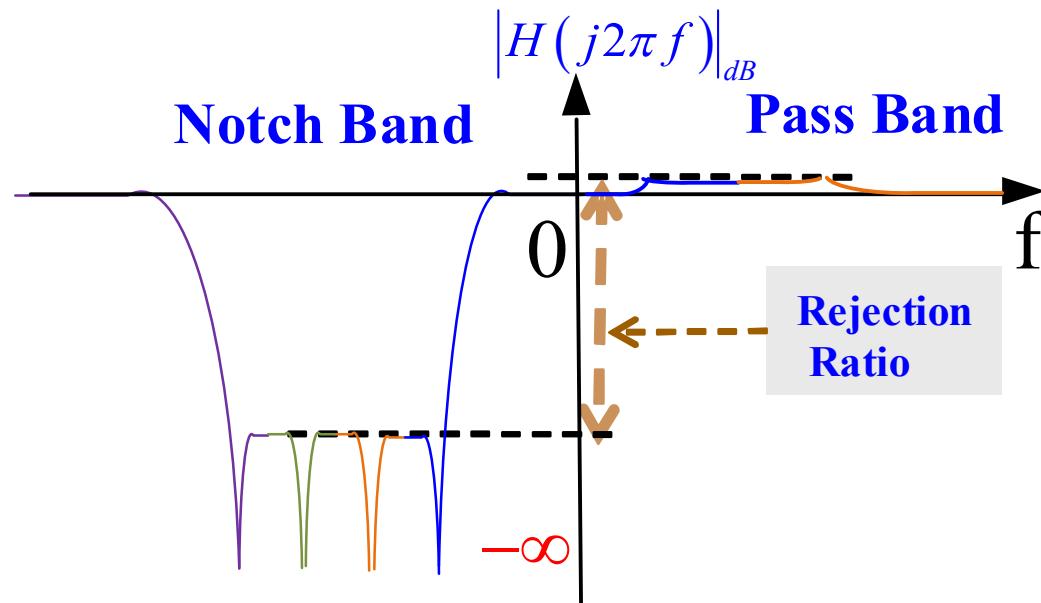
Frequency Responses



2. Analysis of 4-Stage Passive RC Network

Image Rejection Ratio

$$\text{Image Rejection Ratio} = \frac{\text{Pass Band}}{\text{Notch Band}}$$



$$IRR = \frac{H_{Pos}(j2\pi f)}{H_{Neg}(j2\pi f)} = \frac{(f_1 + f)(f_2 + f)(f_3 + f)(f_4 + f)}{(f_1 - f)(f_2 - f)(f_3 - f)(f_4 - f)}$$

Outline

1. Research Background

- Applications of RC Poly-phase Network
- Analog Complex Signal Processing Concepts

2. Analysis of 4-Stage Passive RC Network

- Frequency Responses
- Image Rejection Ratio

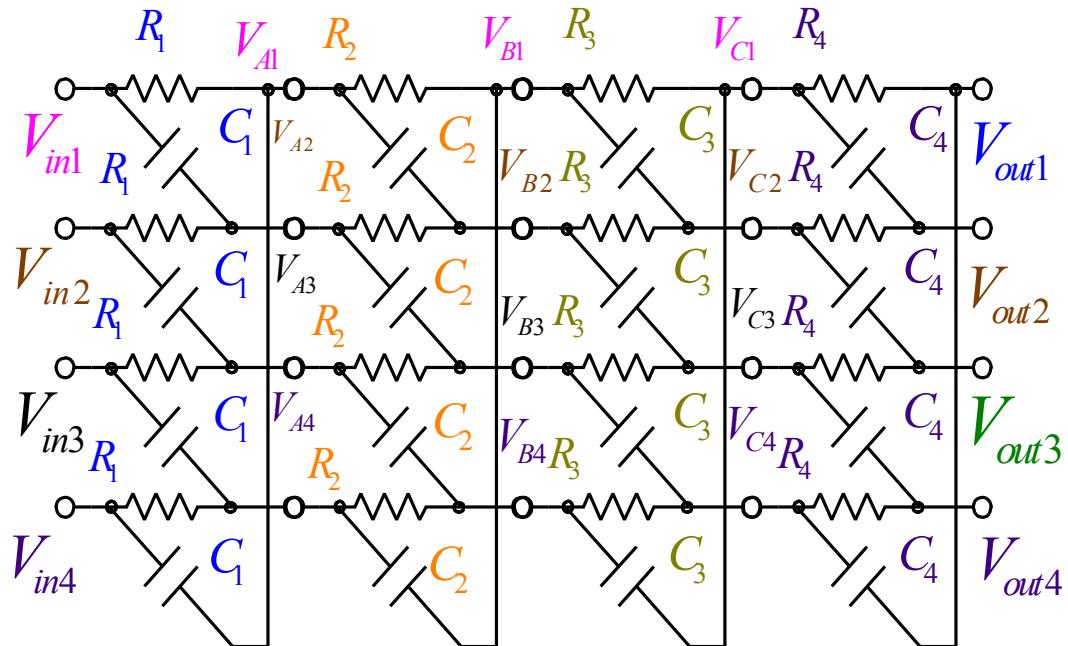
3. Proposed Model of 4-Stage Passive RC Network

- **Model of 4-Stage Passive RC Network**
- **Simulation Results**

4. Conclusions

3. Proposed Model of 4-Stage Passive RC Network

Model of 4-Stage Passive RC Network



$$\begin{aligned}R_1 &= 1k\Omega; C_1 = 227 \text{ pF}; \\R_2 &= 1k\Omega; C_2 = 106 \text{ pF}; \\R_3 &= 1k\Omega; C_3 = 39.8 \text{ pF}; \\R_4 &= 1k\Omega; C_4 = 15.9 \text{ pF};\end{aligned}$$

$$f_1 = 0.7 \text{ MHz};$$

$$f_2 = 1.5 \text{ MHz}; f_{21} = 0.7 \text{ MHz};$$

$$f_3 = 4 \text{ MHz}; f_{31} = 0.7 \text{ MHz}; f_{32} = 1.5 \text{ MHz};$$

$$f_4 = 10 \text{ MHz}; f_{41} = 0.7 \text{ MHz}; f_{42} = 1.5 \text{ MHz}; f_{43} = 4 \text{ MHz};$$

3. Proposed Model of 4-Stage Passive RC Network

Simplified Model of 4-Stage Passive RC Network

$$a_1 = f_4 + f_3 + f_2 + f_1 = 1.62 * 10^7$$

$$a_2 = f_4(f_3 + f_2 + f_1) + f_3(f_2 + f_1) + f_2f_1 = 7.19 * 10^{13}$$

$$a_3 = f_4[f_3(f_2 + f_1) + f_2f_1] + f_3f_2f_1 = 1.03 * 10^{20}$$

$$a_4 = f_4f_3f_2f_1 = 4.2 * 10^{25}$$

$$a_5 = a_1 + 2[(f_{43} + f_{42} + f_{41}) + (f_{32} + f_{31}) + f_{21}] = 3.44 * 10^7$$

$$a_6 = a_2 + 4f_{43}f_{21} + 2 \left(\begin{array}{l} f_4((f_{32} + f_{31}) + f_{21}) + f_3((f_{42} + f_{41}) + f_{21}) \\ + f_2((f_{43} + f_{41}) + f_{31}) + f_1((f_{43} + f_{42}) + f_{32}) \end{array} \right) = 1.9 * 10^{14}$$

$$a_7 = a_3 + 2(f_4(f_3f_{21} + f_2f_{31} + f_1f_{32}) + f_3(f_2f_{41} + f_1f_{42}) + f_2f_1f_{43}) = 2.26 * 10^{20}$$

Transfer function

$$|H(f)|_{dB} = \frac{|f^4 + 1.62 * 10^7 f^3 + 7.19 * 10^{13} f^2 + 1.03 * 10^{20} f + 4.2 * 10^{25}|}{\sqrt{(f^4 + 4.2 * 10^{25} - 1.9 * 10^{14} f^2)^2 + (2.26 * 10^{20} f - 3.44 * 10^7 f^3)^2}}$$

3. Proposed Model of 4-Stage Passive RC Network

Analysis of System Model (Positive Frequency)

$$|H| = \frac{f^4 + 1.62 \cdot 10^7 f^3 + 7.19 \cdot 10^{13} f^2 + 1.03 \cdot 10^{20} f + 4.2 \cdot 10^{25}}{\sqrt{(f^4 + 4.2 \cdot 10^{25} - 1.9 \cdot 10^{14} f^2)^2 + (2.26 \cdot 10^{20} f - 3.44 \cdot 10^7 f^3)^2}}; f > 0$$

$$|H| = \begin{cases} 1; f \rightarrow 0 \\ 1.16; f = 1.55 \cdot 10^5 \\ 0.938; f = 25.5 \cdot 10^5 \\ 1.18; f = 405 \cdot 10^5 \\ 1; f \rightarrow \infty \end{cases} \quad \xrightarrow{\text{20 log}} \quad 20 \log |H| = \begin{cases} 0dB; f \rightarrow 0 \\ 1.33dB; f = 1.55 \cdot 10^5 \\ -0.55dB; f = 25.5 \cdot 10^5 \\ 1.42dB; f = 405 \cdot 10^5 \\ 0dB; f \rightarrow \infty \end{cases}$$

3. Proposed Model of 4-Stage Passive RC Network

Analysis of System Model (Negative Frequency)

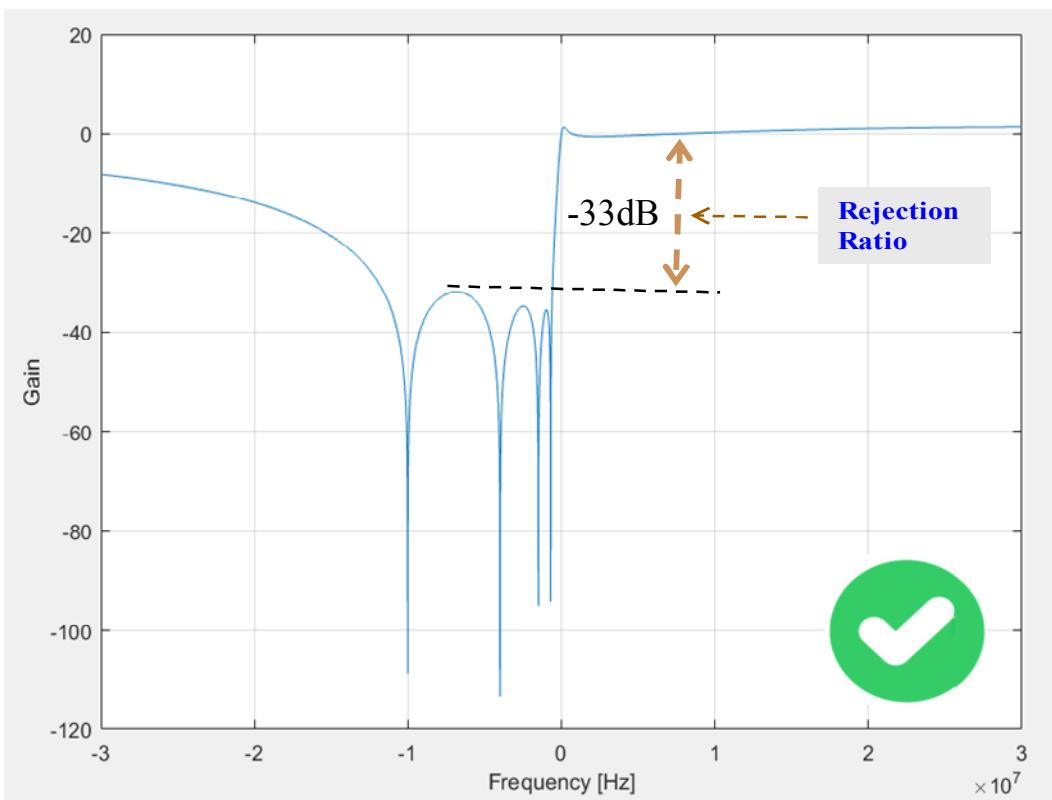
$$|H|_{dB} = \frac{f^4 - 1.62 * 10^7 f^3 + 7.19 * 10^{13} f^2 - 1.03 * 10^{20} f + 4.2 * 10^{25}}{\sqrt{(f^4 + 4.2 * 10^{25} - 1.9 * 10^{14} f^2)^2 + (2.26 * 10^{20} f - 3.44 * 10^7 f^3)^2}}; f < 0$$

$$|H| = \begin{cases} 1; f \rightarrow 0 \\ 0; f = -7 * 10^5 \\ 0.016; f = -10.2 * 10^5 \\ 0; f = -15 * 10^5 \\ 0.018; f = -24.5 * 10^5 \\ 0; f = -40 * 10^5 \\ 0.024; f = -63.2 * 10^5 \\ 0; f = -100 * 10^5 \\ 1; f \rightarrow -\infty \end{cases} \quad \xrightarrow{\text{20 log } |H|} \quad 20 \log |H| = \begin{cases} 0dB; f \rightarrow 0 \\ -\infty; f = -7 * 10^5 \\ -35.6dB; f = -10.2 * 10^5 \\ -\infty; f = -15 * 10^5 \\ -34.8dB; f = -24.5 * 10^5 \\ -\infty; f = -40 * 10^5 \\ -32.1dB; f = -63.2 * 10^5 \\ -\infty; f = -100 * 10^5 \\ 0dB; f \rightarrow -\infty \end{cases}$$

3. Proposed Model of 4-Stage Passive RC Network

Simulation Results of 4-Stage Passive RC Network

Frequency Responses



Parameter	PPF
Input IF frequency	5MHz
Input IF Power	-60dBm
NF	-
Gain	-0.3dB
Current Consumption	-
Supply Voltage	-
Image Rejection Ratio IMRR	-33dB

Outline

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4. Conclusions

4. Conclusions

This Work:

- Derivation of transfer function of poly-phase network based on superposition principle
- Mathematical analysis and model of 4-stage passive RC poly-phase filter
- Image rejection ratio: **-33dB**

Future of Work

- Analysis of IQ mismatches of poly-phase signals
- Analysis of Parasitic of RC components

Thanks for your kind attention!



Questions & Answers

- 1) Will the variations of R and C components change the characteristics of this filter?**
→ Yes, they will.
(The variations of R and C components will cause the IQ mismatches. Therefore, the image rejection ratio will be changed.)
- 2) Are the simulation results of RC poly-phase filter in this research best?**
→ No, they aren't.
(There are some design trade-offs in this research. So, these simulation results are acceptable for the design targets.)