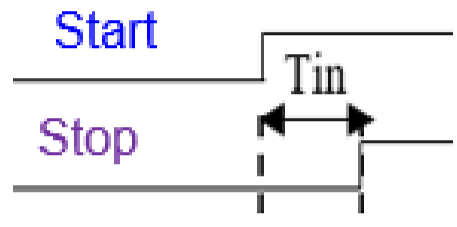


# 積分型バーニア発振器を用いた高分解能時間デジタルコンバータ

## 1. Research Objective

Research for time-to-digital converter architectures with Vernier oscillators

- Time Measurement between Start and Stop rising edges digital output  $D_{out}$

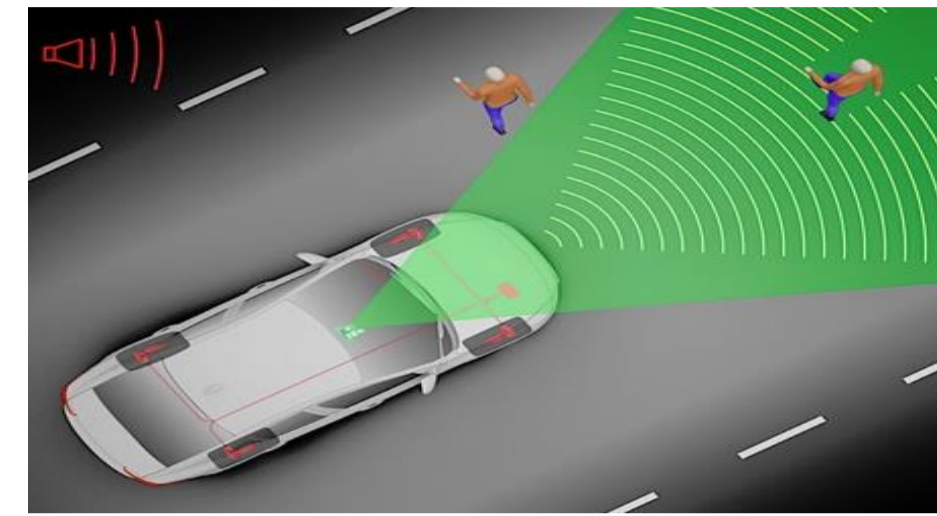


- Inspired by integration-type ADC
- Two oscillators with different frequencies  
Fine time resolution  $T_1 - T_2$   
 $T_1 = 1/f_1, T_2 = 1/f_2$
- Simple circuit
- Good linearity without calibration

## 2. TDC & Vernier Application Examples



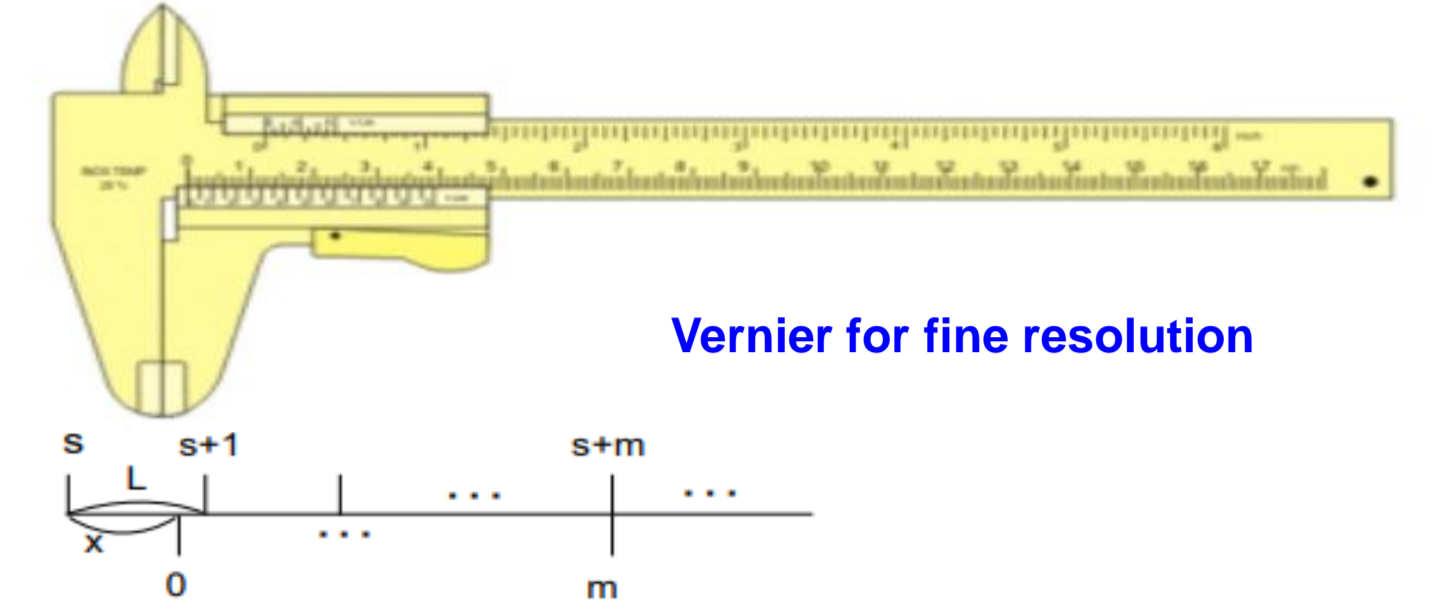
Radar distance measurement



Vehicle distance measurement



Tram arrival time



Vernier for fine resolution

Taking the scale of the minor scale

$$L' = \frac{n-1}{n} L \quad \dots(1)$$

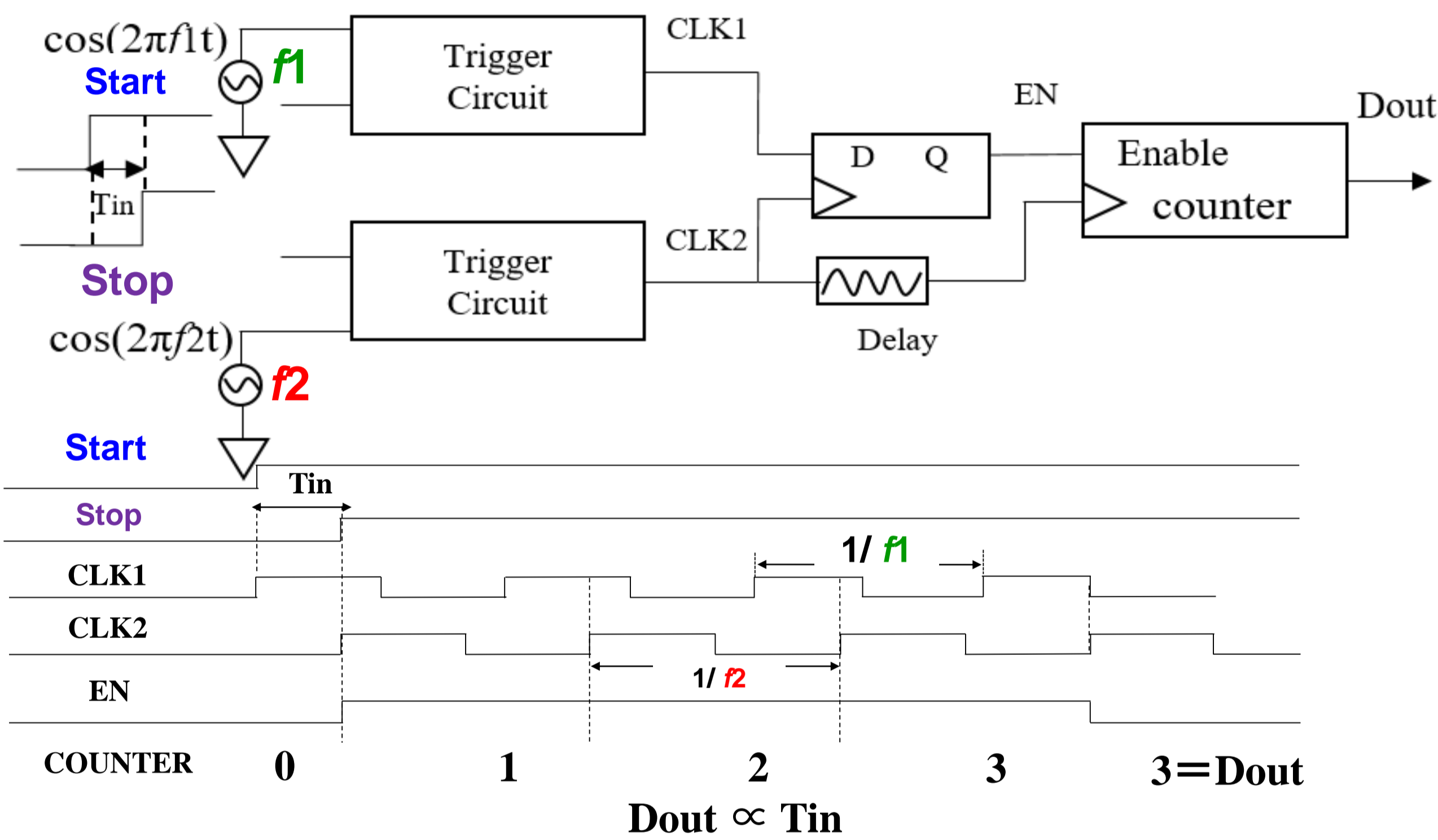
As shown in the figure

$$((s+m) - s)L = x + mL' \quad \dots(2)$$

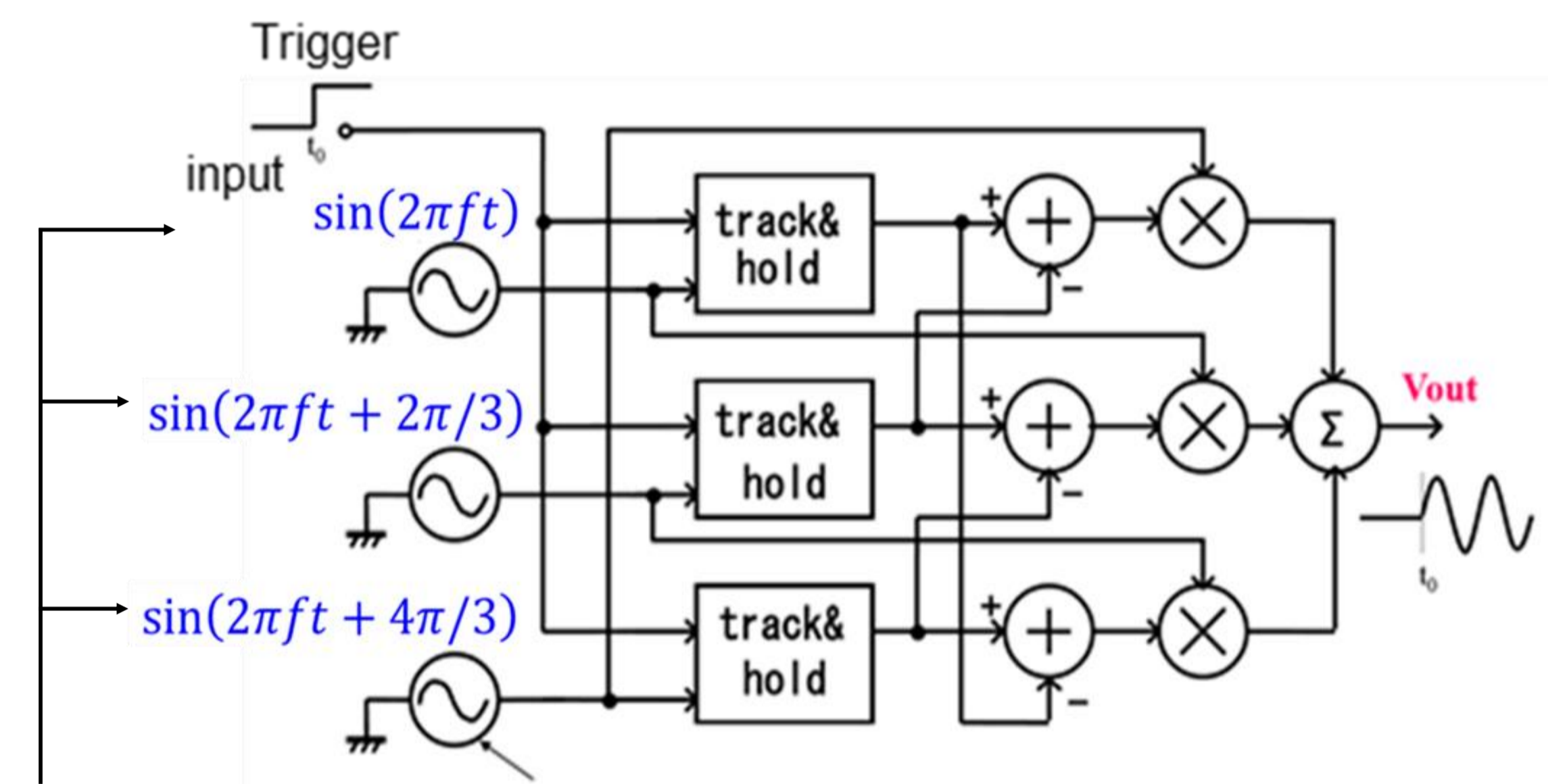
$$mL = x + m \frac{n-1}{n} L$$

$$x = \frac{L}{n} m \quad \dots(3)$$

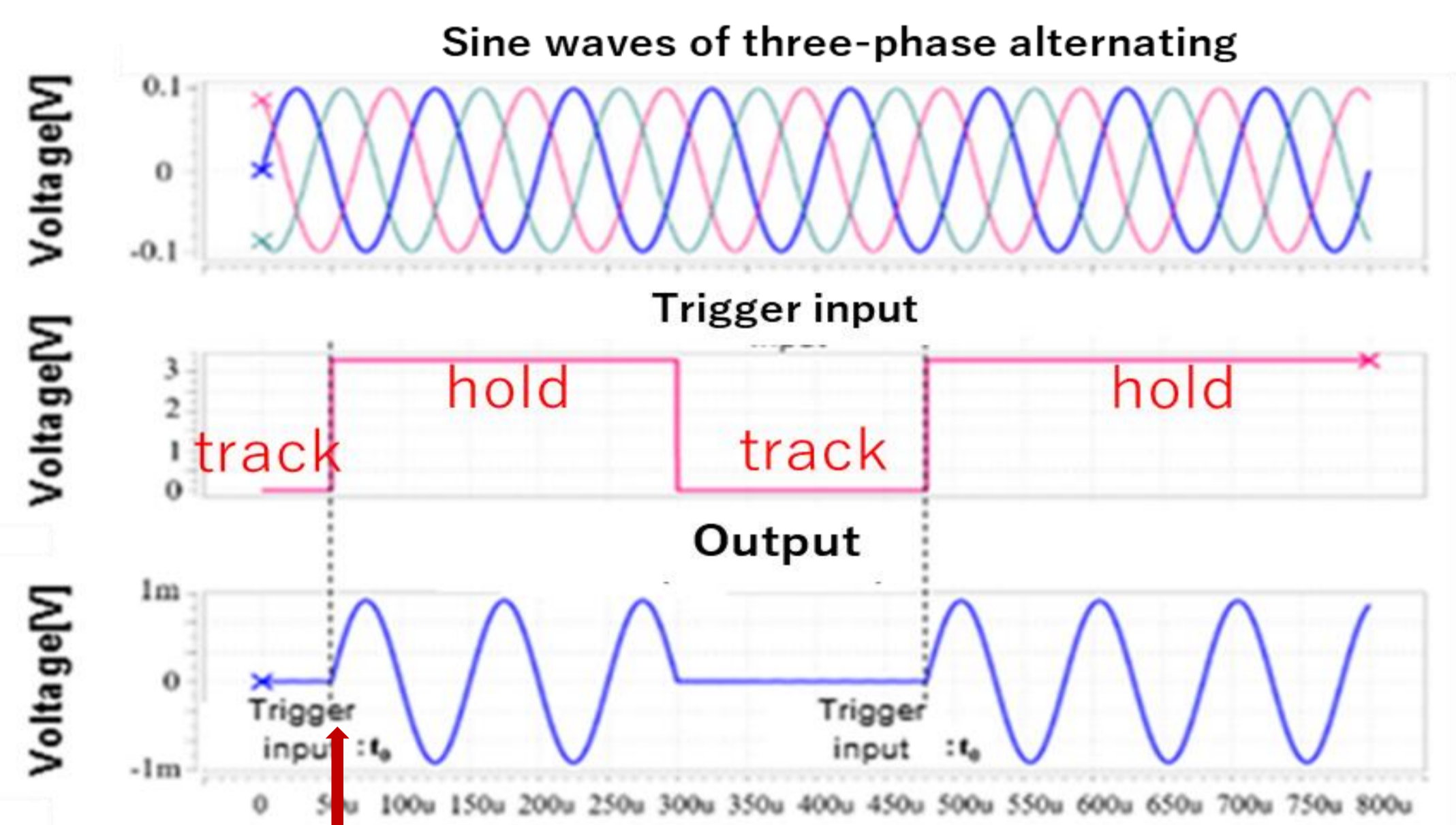
## 3. Proposed Circuit



## 4. Trigger Circuit & Simulation Results

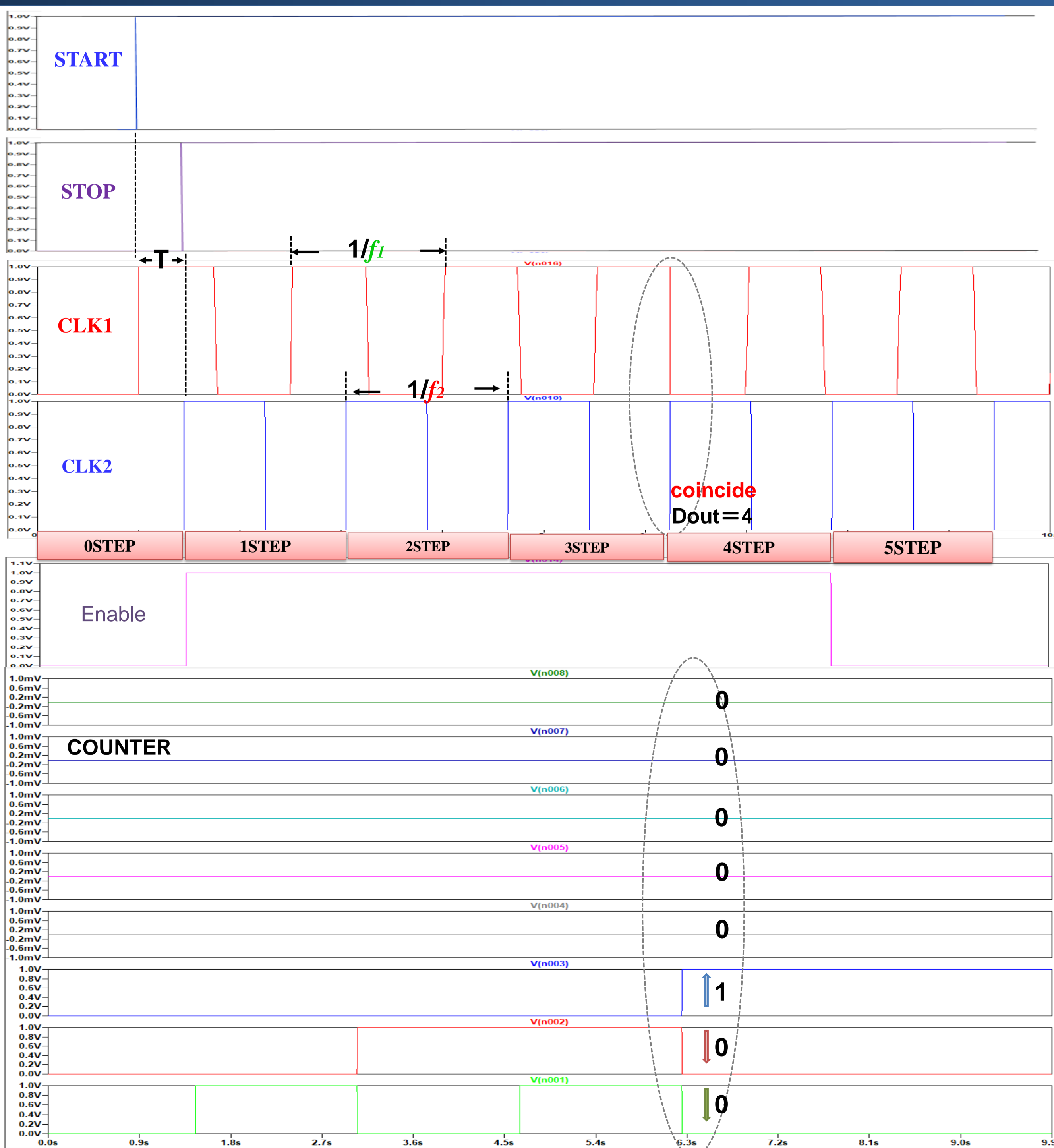


Enter three sine waves



Output starts to oscillate at the rising time edge of trigger input

## 5. Simulation Results



Counter output results is 00000100

Binary number → Octal number

00000100=4

$$D_{out} \times |1/f_1 - 1/f_2| = T$$

$$\text{Period difference} = 0.1 \text{ ps} \times 4 = 0.4 \text{ ps}$$



## 6. Conclusion

- New time-to-digital converter architecture
- Accurate fine time resolution of  $1/f_1 - 1/f_2$
- Good overall linearity without calibration
- Long measurement time
- Operation is confirmed with simulation



谢谢  
ありがとうございます。  
Thank you