



## Research Background

### Research Objective

- Problem**  
Electro-Magnetic Interference (EMI) reduction in electronic circuits is important
- Focus on**  
Spread noise spectrum in order to reduce EMI

#### Research Objective

- Spread spectrum :  
⇒ EMI reduction & Noise diffusion
- Noise suppression near receive frequency  $F_{in}$
- Full-automatically generating notch characteristics at the  $F_{in}$

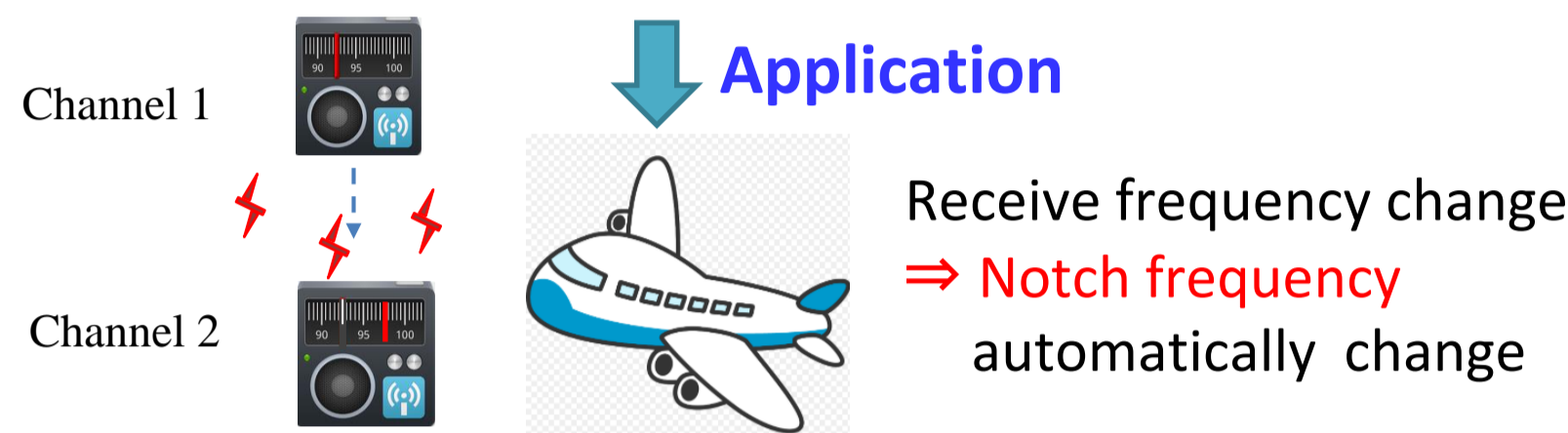
### Research Summary

#### Proposed method

Pulse coding method  
Design modulation circuit  
⇒ generate notch frequency automatically

#### Achievement

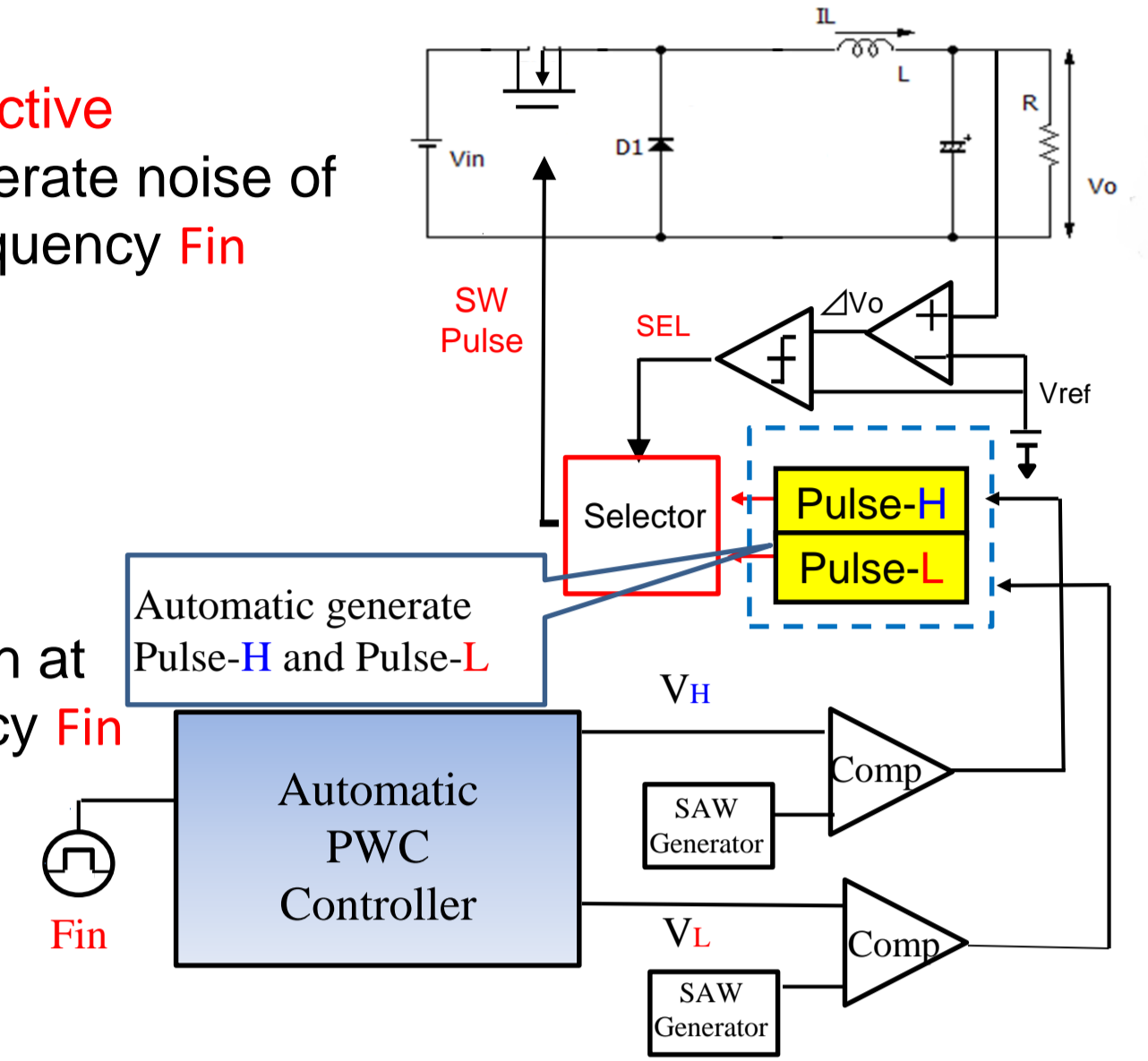
- Automatic generation of  $F_{notch}$
- Full-automatically generating notch characteristics



### Automatic PWC Control Circuit

**Objective**  
Reduction generate noise of receive frequency  $F_{in}$

**Method**  
PWC  
generate notch at receive frequency  $F_{in}$



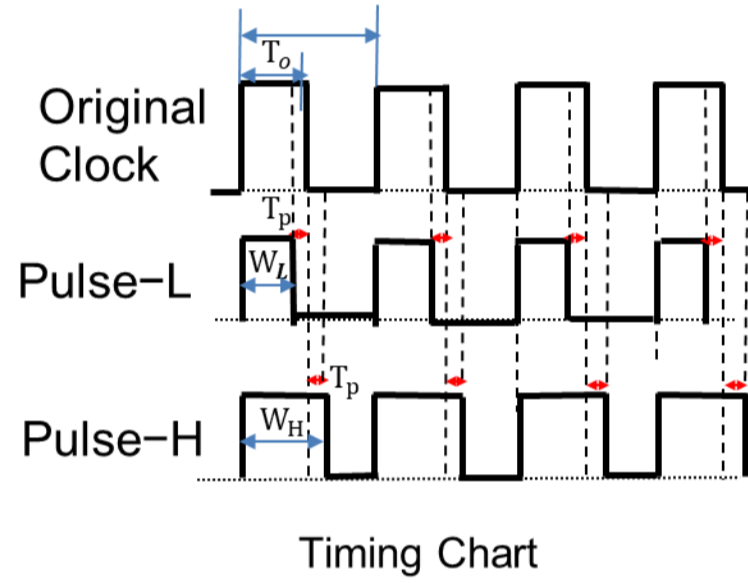
## Automatic Notch Frequency Generation with Pulse Width Coding Control and Simulation Results

### Clock Frequency, Notch Frequency and PWC

The relationship between  $F_n$  and  $F_{ck}$

$$NF_{ck} < F_n < (N+1)F_{ck}$$

Optimal  
 $F_n = (N+0.5)F_{ck}$



The relationship between  $F_n$  and PWC

$$F_n \cong N \times \frac{1}{(W_H - W_L)}$$

When  $N=1$

$$T_n \cong (W_H - W_L)$$

$W_H$  and  $W_L$

Generated at the center of the original clock

$$T_o = D_o \times T_{ck} = \frac{V_o}{V_{in}} \times T_{ck}$$

$$W_L = T_o - T_p$$

$$W_H = T_o + T_p$$

$$T_n = W_H - W_L = 2 \times T_p$$

### Generate Pulse-H and Pulse-L Automatically

Generate  $T_{ck}$  from  $T_{in}$  using

$$F_{in} = (N+0.5) \cdot F_{ck}$$

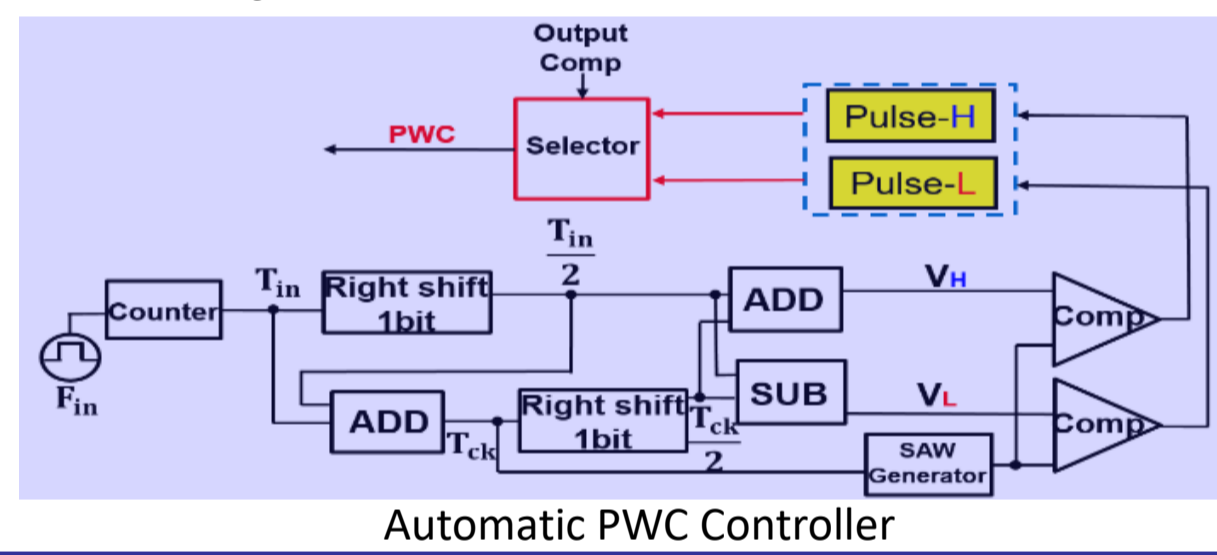
$$T_{ck} = (N+0.5) \cdot T_{in}$$

$$W_L = T_o - T_p = D_o \times T_{ck} - \frac{1}{2} T_{in}$$

$$W_H = T_o + T_p = D_o \times T_{ck} + \frac{1}{2} T_{in}$$

$$T_n = 2 \times T_p$$

$D_o=0.5$   $N=1$  situation



### Noise Spectrum of PWM Signal Automatically

$$F_{in} = (N+0.5)F_{ck}$$

$N=1$  Best position :  $F_{ck} < F_n < 2F_{ck}$

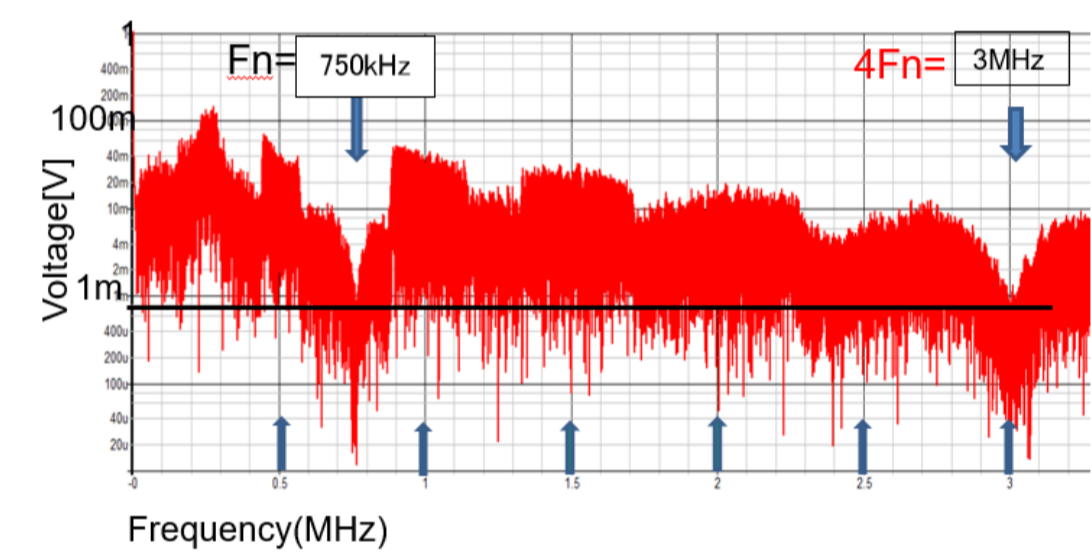
$F_{in}=750\text{kHz} \Rightarrow F_{ck}=500\text{kHz}$  ( $W_H=1.66\mu\text{s}$ ,  $W_L=0.29\mu\text{s}$ )

#### Condition

Buck DC-DC converter  
 $V_{in} : 10\text{V}$   
 $V_{out} : 5\text{V}$   
 $L : 200 \mu\text{H}$   
 $C : 470 \mu\text{F}$   
 $I_{out} : 0.25\text{A}$

#### Result

$F_n=750\text{kHz}$   
 $4 \cdot F_n=3.0\text{MHz}$



Simulated spectrum with EMI reduction

Assume to suppress influence on AM in 750kHz  
 $F_{in} = 750\text{kHz} \Rightarrow F_{notch} = 750\text{kHz}$

## Adjustable Conversion Voltage Ratio Notch Frequency Generation

### Conversion Voltage Ratio $D_o$ Analysis

Previous discussion

$$\text{We set } D_o = \frac{V_o}{V_{in}} = \frac{5\text{v}}{10\text{v}} = 0.5$$

Power supply IC

Necessary to automatically detect or set the condition for  $D_o$  when  $V_i$  change

Because

$$W_L = D_o T_{ck} - \frac{T_{in}}{2}$$

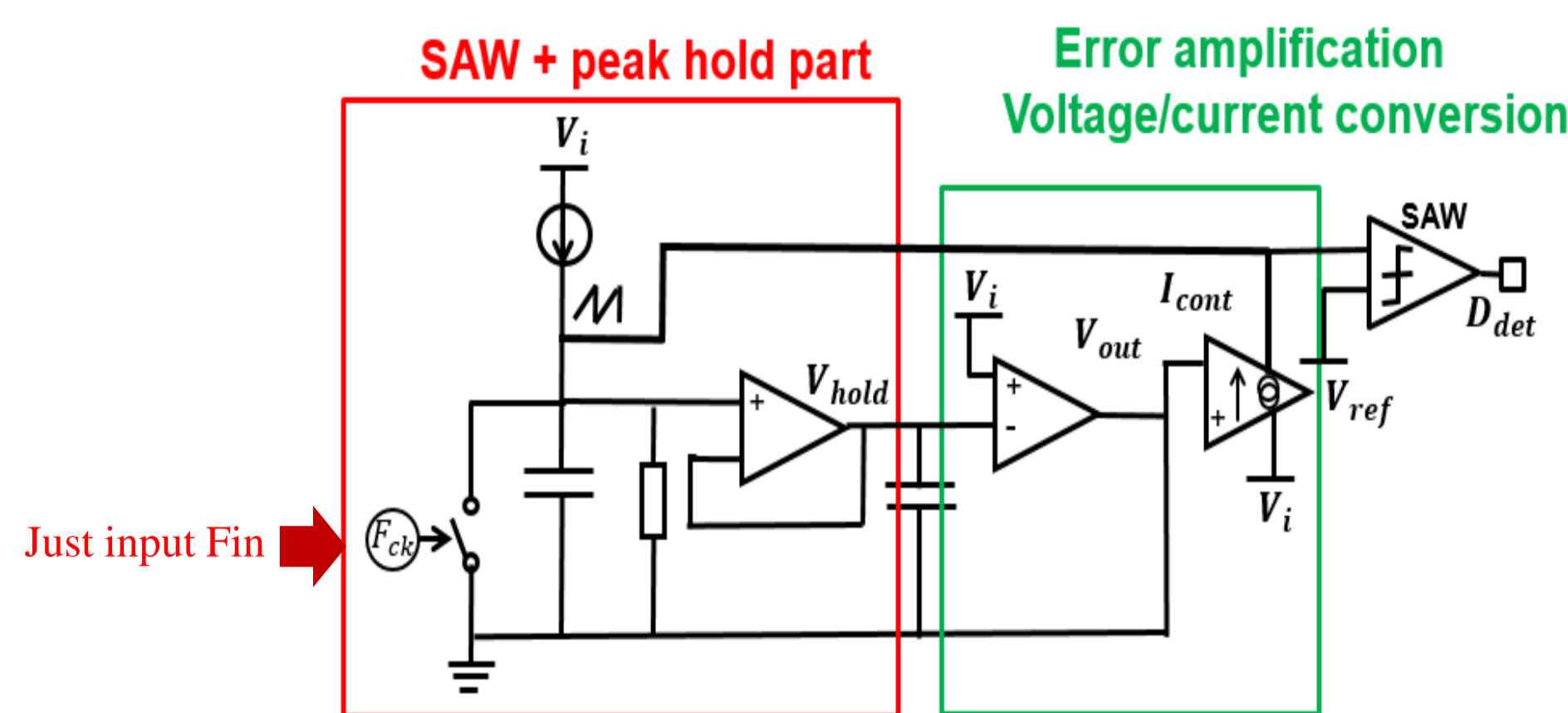
$$W_H = D_o T_{ck} + \frac{T_{in}}{2}$$

$D_o$  setting method

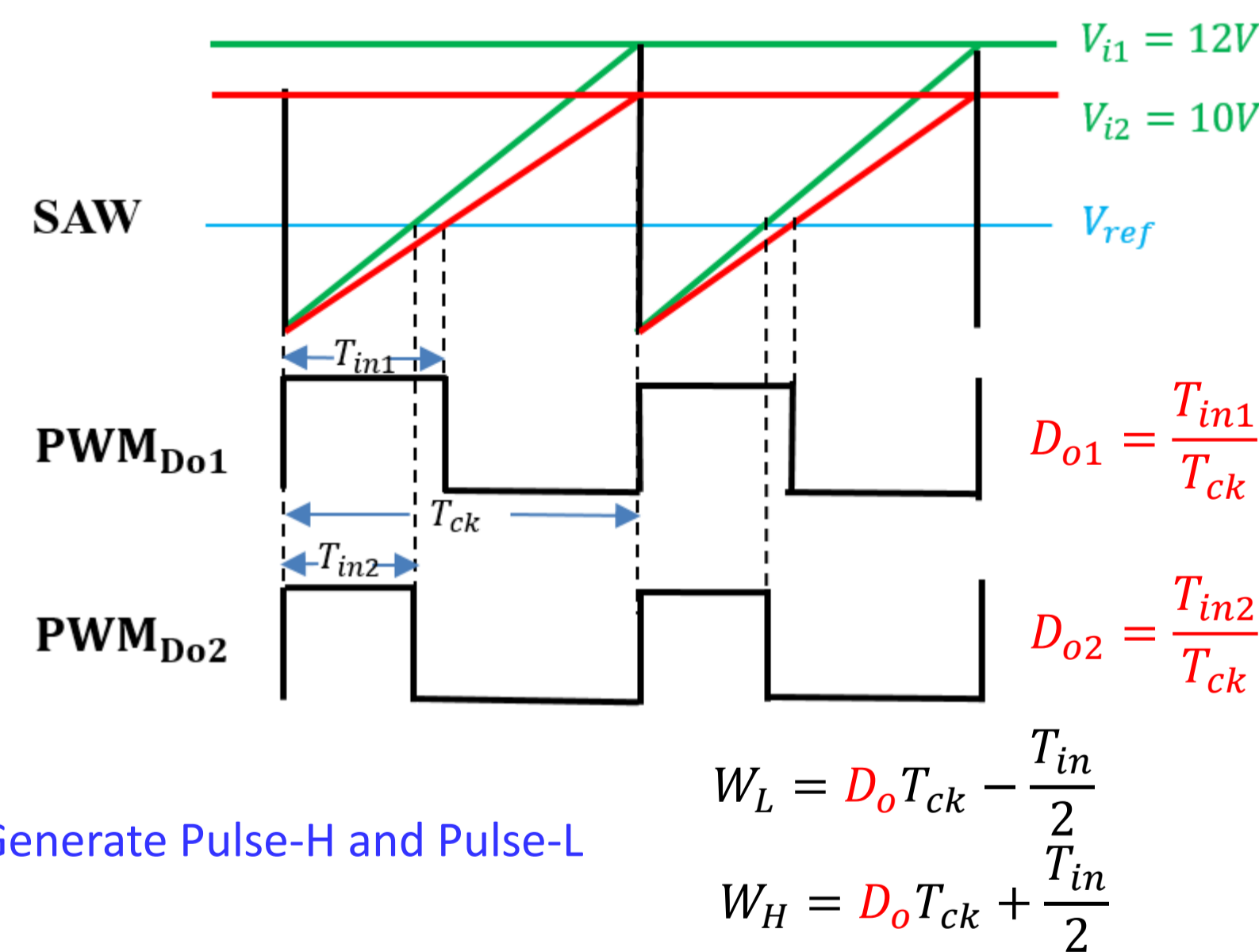
$$D_o T_{ck} + \frac{T_{in}}{2} < T_{ck} \quad D_o T_{ck} - \frac{T_{in}}{2} > 0$$

$$0.33 < D_o < 0.67$$

### $D_o$ Automatic Detection Method



### Main Signal Waveforms of $D_o$ Detection Method



Generate Pulse-H and Pulse-L

$$W_L = D_o T_{ck} - \frac{T_{in}}{2}$$

$$W_H = D_o T_{ck} + \frac{T_{in}}{2}$$

## Simulation Results

### Simulated Spectrum with the Full Automatic Method

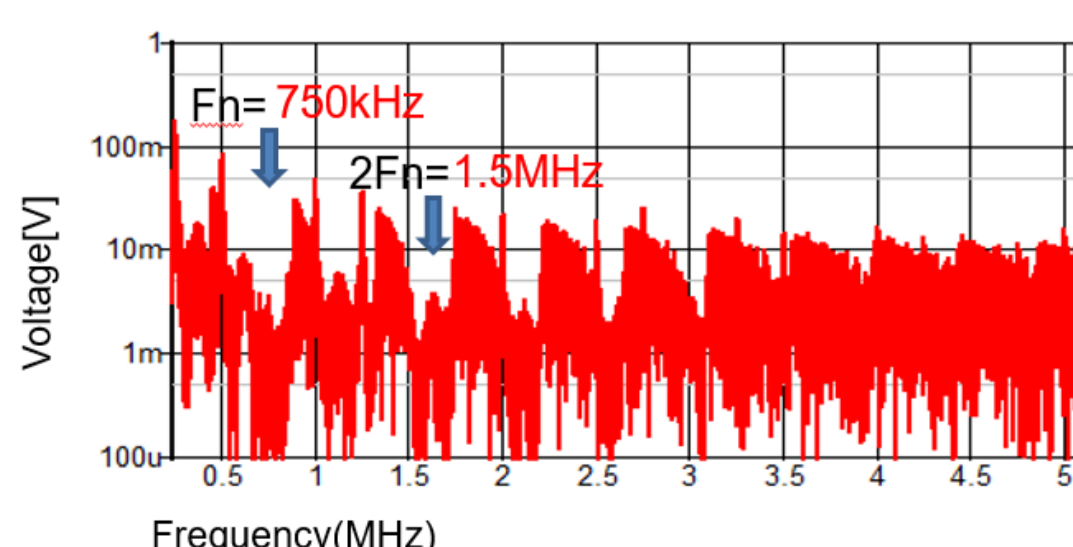
$$F_{in} = (N+0.5)F_{ck}$$

$N=1$  Best position :  $F_{ck} < F_n < 2F_{ck}$

$F_{in}=750\text{kHz} \Rightarrow F_{ck}=500\text{kHz}$

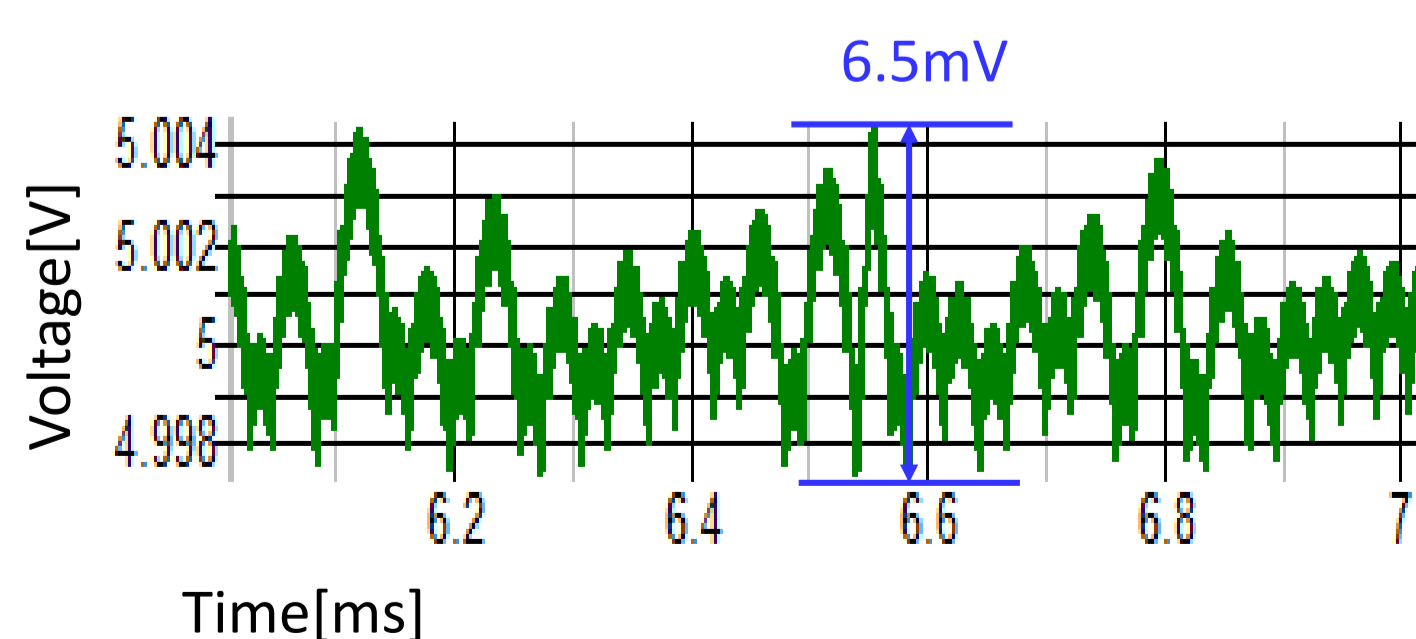
#### Condition

Buck DC-DC converter  
 $V_{in} : 15\text{V}$   
 $V_{out} : 5.0\text{V}$   
 $L : 200 \mu\text{H}$   
 $C : 470 \mu\text{F}$   
 $I_{out} : 0.25\text{A}$   
 $D=0.33$



Simulated spectrum with the full EMI reduction

### Output Voltage Ripple



Ripple is small

Realized the full-automatic notch frequency generation technology

## Conclusion

For EMI problem handling in switching power converter

- Developed pulse coding control in order to generate notch characteristics at desired frequency
- Automatic generate the  $F_{notch}$  from  $F_{in}$
- Realized the full-automatic notch frequency generation technology by detect conversion voltage ratio  $D_o$

Future work

Implementation of automatic PWC control switching converter