

Online Session 7Nov. 2, 2021Circuit and SystemPaper ID : CS045

Self-biasing MOS Reference Current Sources Insensitive to Supply Voltage and Temperature

Souma Yamamoto Takashi Hosono, Takafumi Kamio Shogo Katayama, Kuswan Isam Ebisawa, Tianrui Feng Anna Kuwana, Haruo Kobayashi

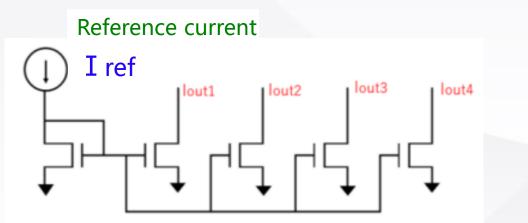
Gunma University

- Research Objective
- MOS Drain Current Temperature Characteristics
- Gunma University (GU) Reference Current Source
- Peaking Current Source (Nagata Current Source)
- Widlar Current Source
- Conclusion

- Research Objective
- MOS Drain Current Temperature Characteristics
- Gunma University (GU) Reference Current Source
- Peaking Current Source (Nagata Current Source)
- Widlar Current Source
- Conclusion

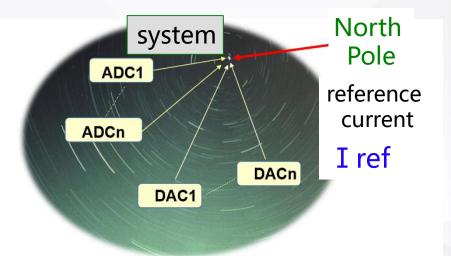
Research Objective

Development of reference current source insensitive to temperature and supply voltage with simple CMOS circuit.



Three types of MOS reference current sources

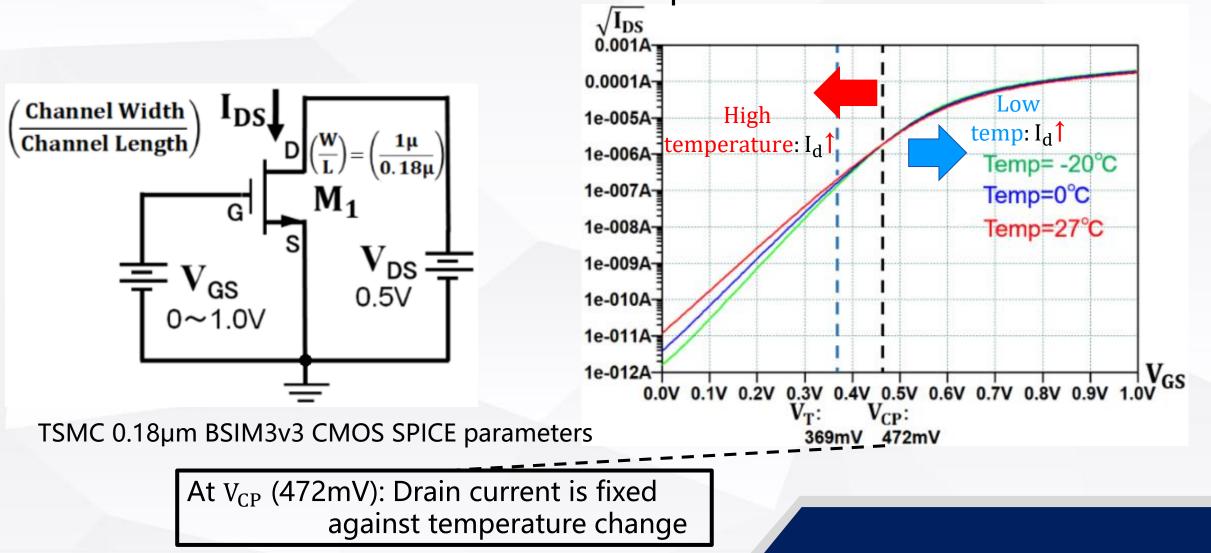
- (1) Gunma University (GU) reference current source
- (2) Peaking current source (Nagata current source)
- (3) Widlar current source with proposed temperature compensation circuit



- Research Objective
- MOS Drain Current Temperature Characteristics
- Gunma University (GU) Reference Current Source
- Peaking Current Source (Nagata Current Source)
- Widlar Current Source
- Conclusion

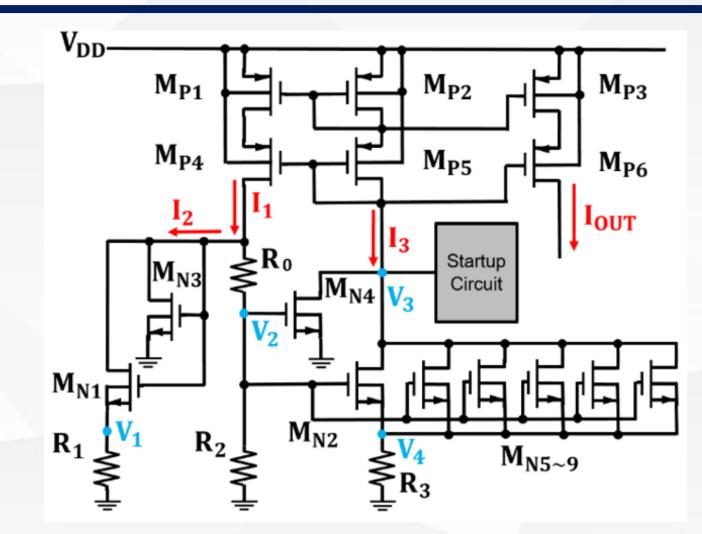
MOS Drain Current and Gate Voltage

Simulated drain current temperature characteristics

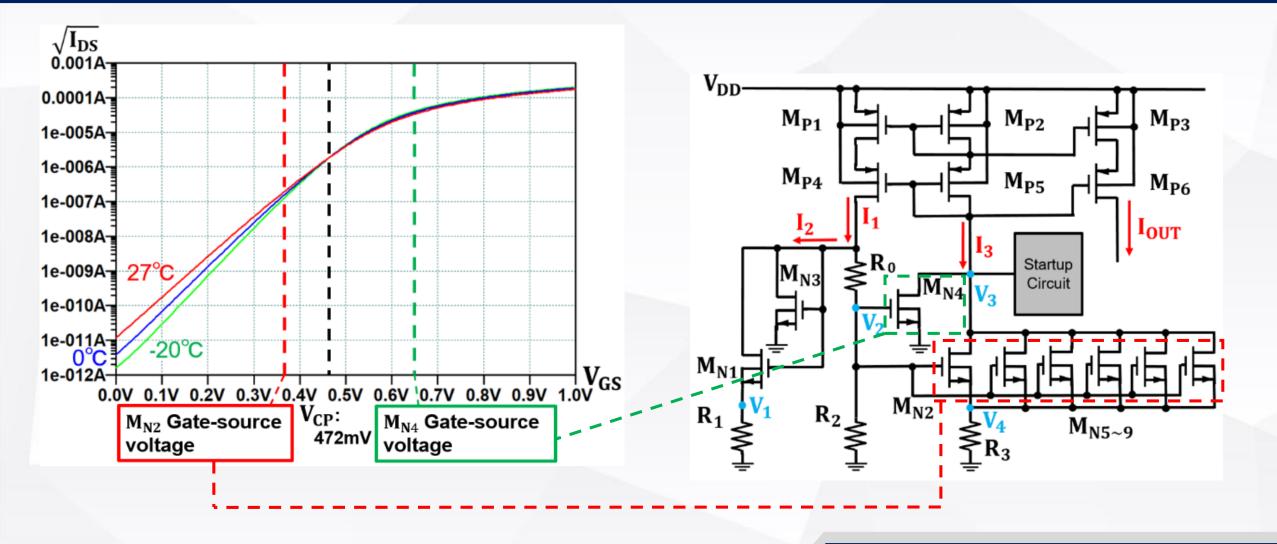


- Research Objective
- MOS Drain Current Temperature Characteristics
- Gunma University (GU) Reference Current Source
- Peaking Current Source (Nagata Current Source)
- Widlar Current Source
- Conclusion

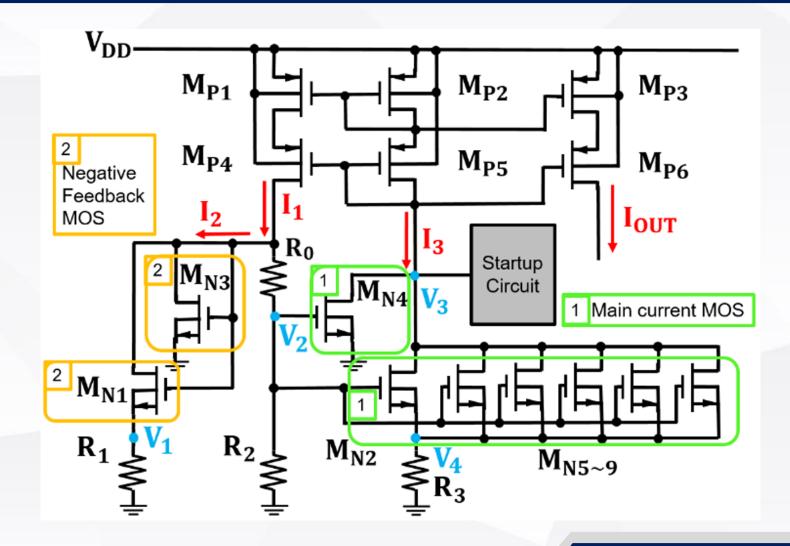
Gunma University (GU) reference current source



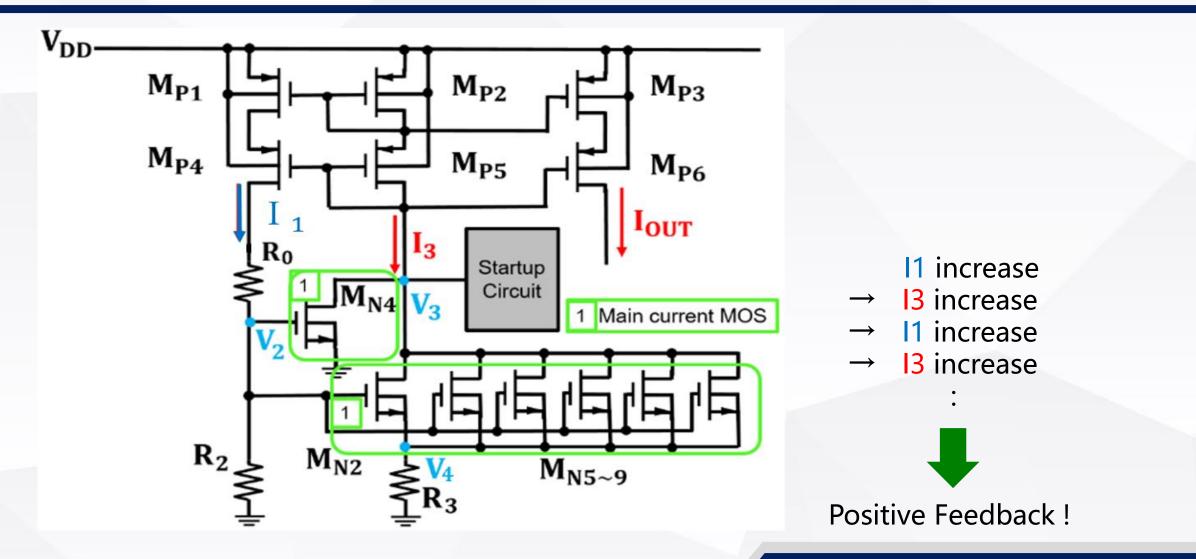
Negative Feedback for Self-Bias



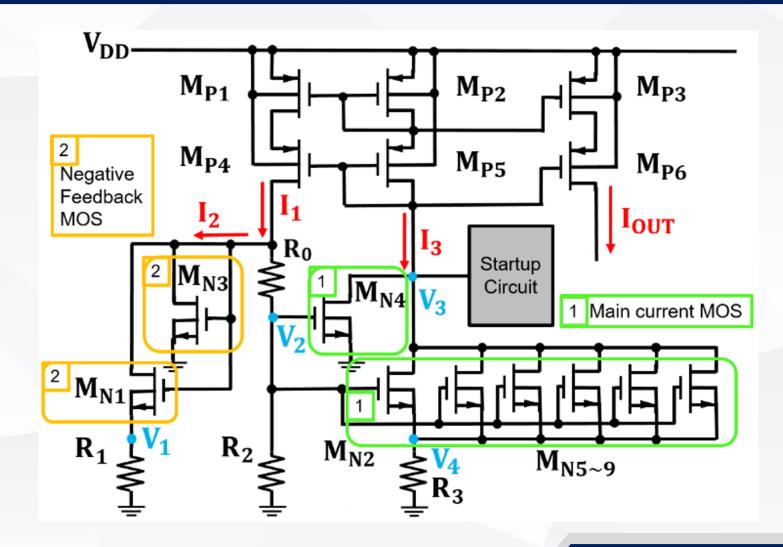
Negative Feedback for Self-Bias



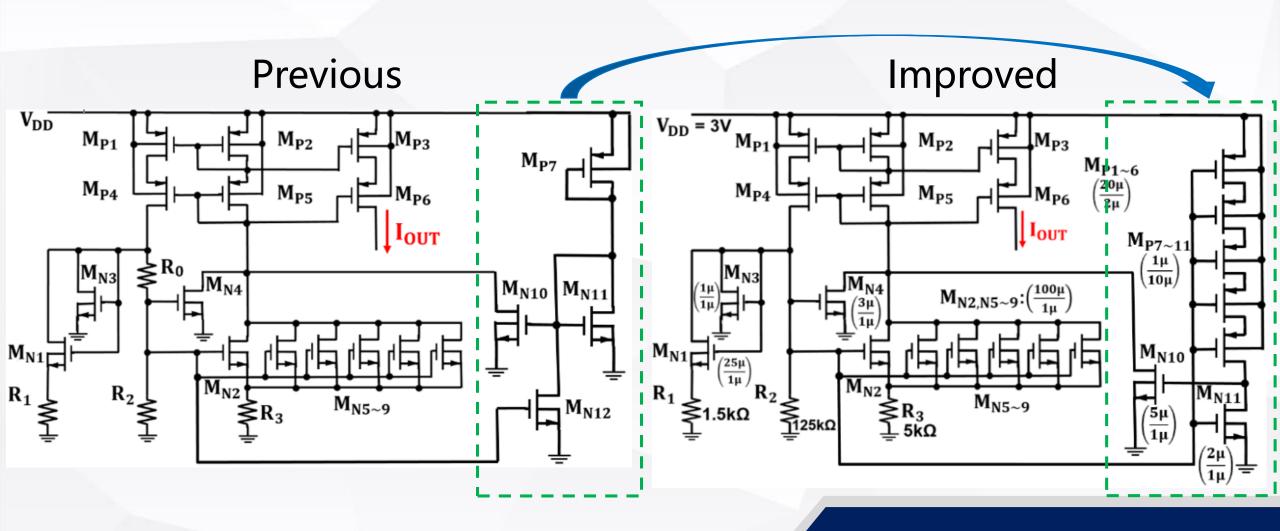
Self-Bias Problem



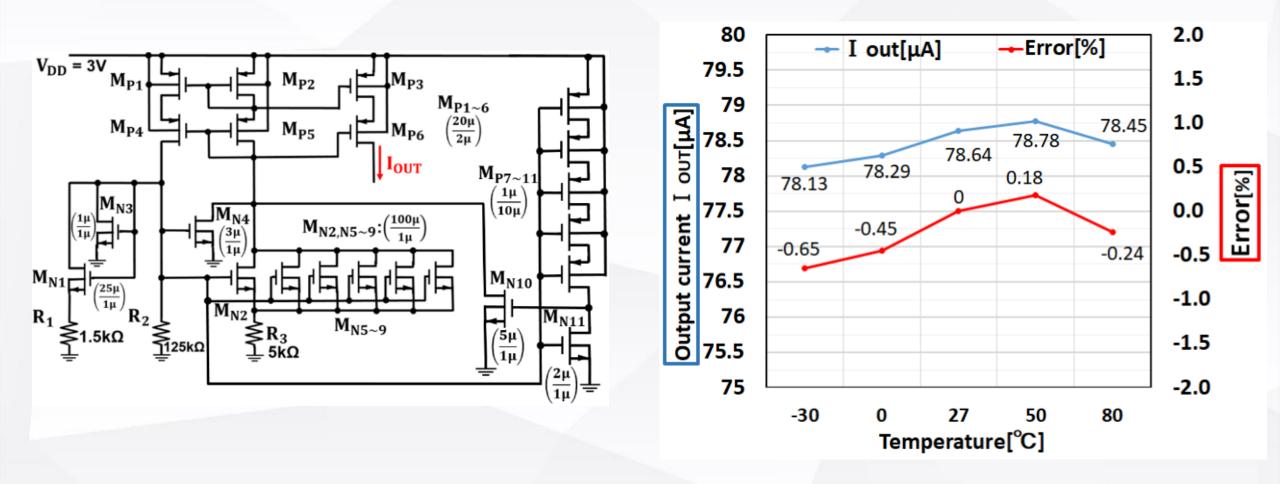
Negative Feedback for Self-Bias



Improvement of Startup Circuit

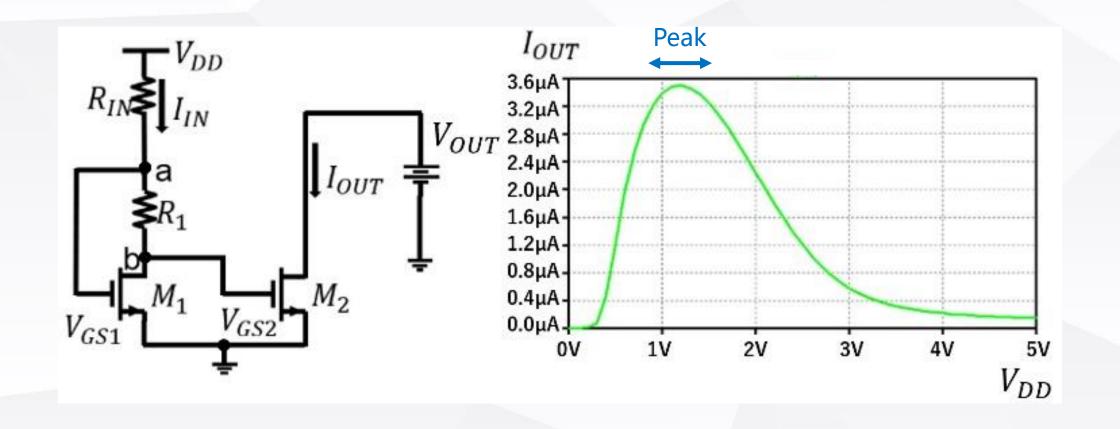


Output Current Iout

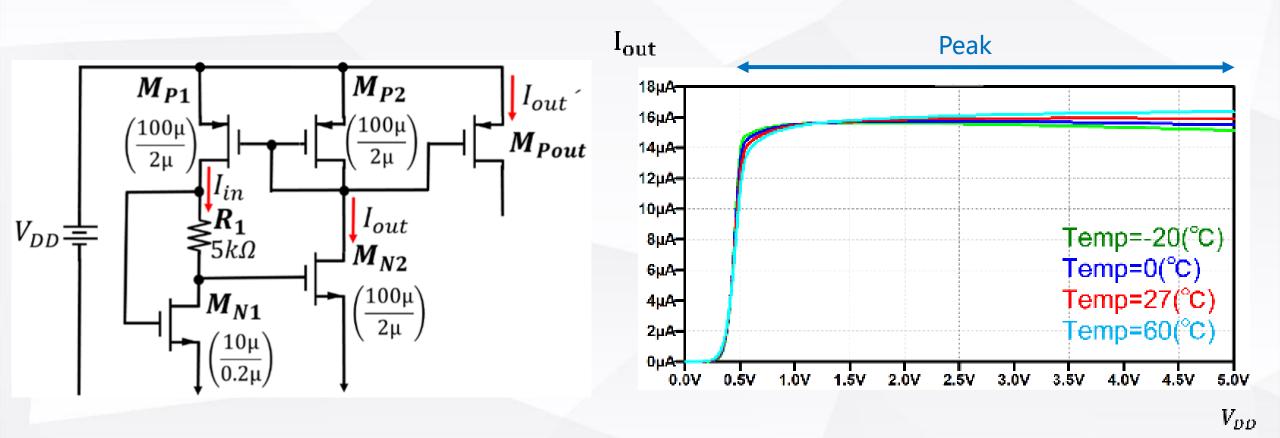


- Research Objective
- MOS Drain Current Temperature Characteristics
- Gunma University (GU) Reference Current Source
- Peaking Current Source (Nagata Current Source)
- Widlar Current Source
- Conclusion

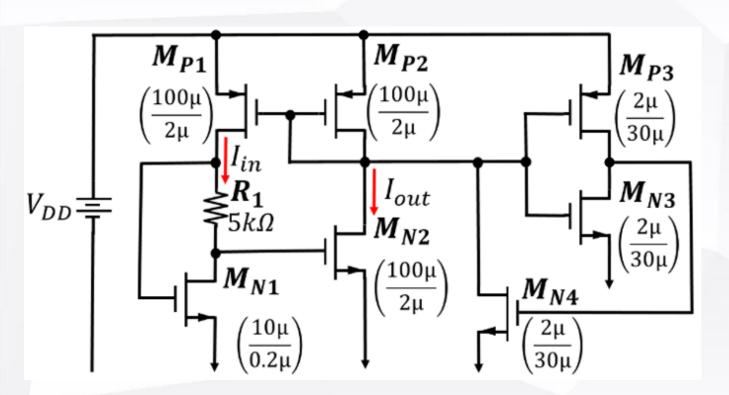
Peaking current source (Nagata current source)

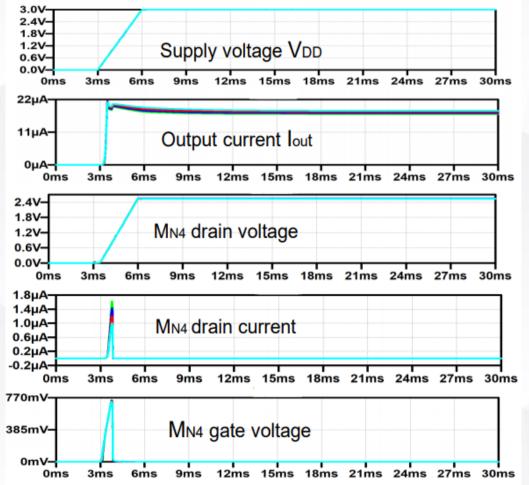


Self-biasing Peaking current source (Nagata current source)



Peaking current source (Nagata current source) with Startup Circuit

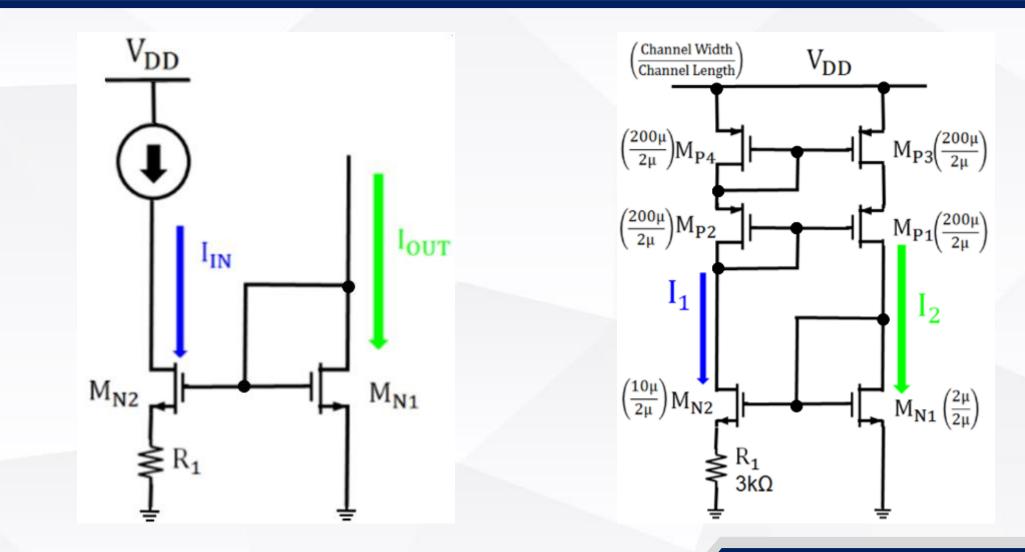




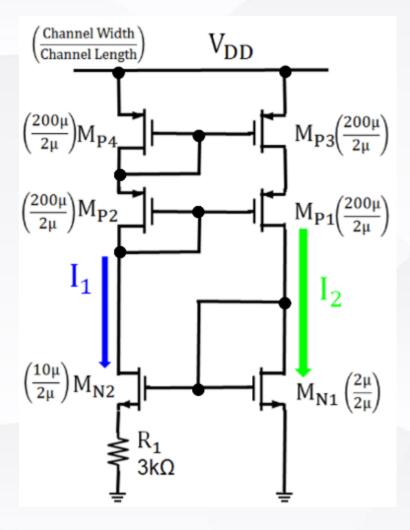
Temperature @ -20°C, 0°C, 27°C, 60°C

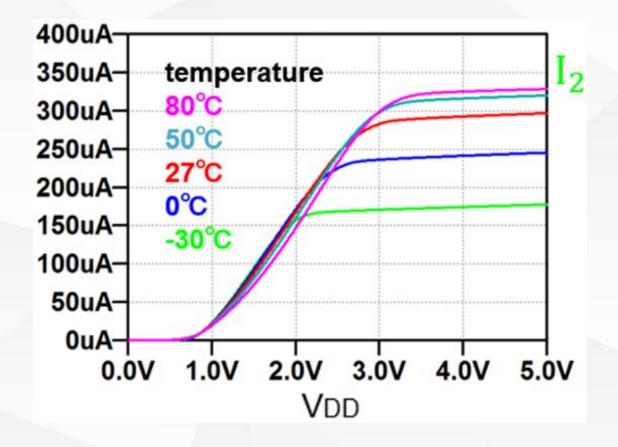
- Research Objective
- MOS Drain Current Temperature Characteristics
- Gunma University (GU) Reference Current Source
- Peaking Current Source (Nagata Current Source)
- Widlar Current Source
- Conclusion

Widlar current source

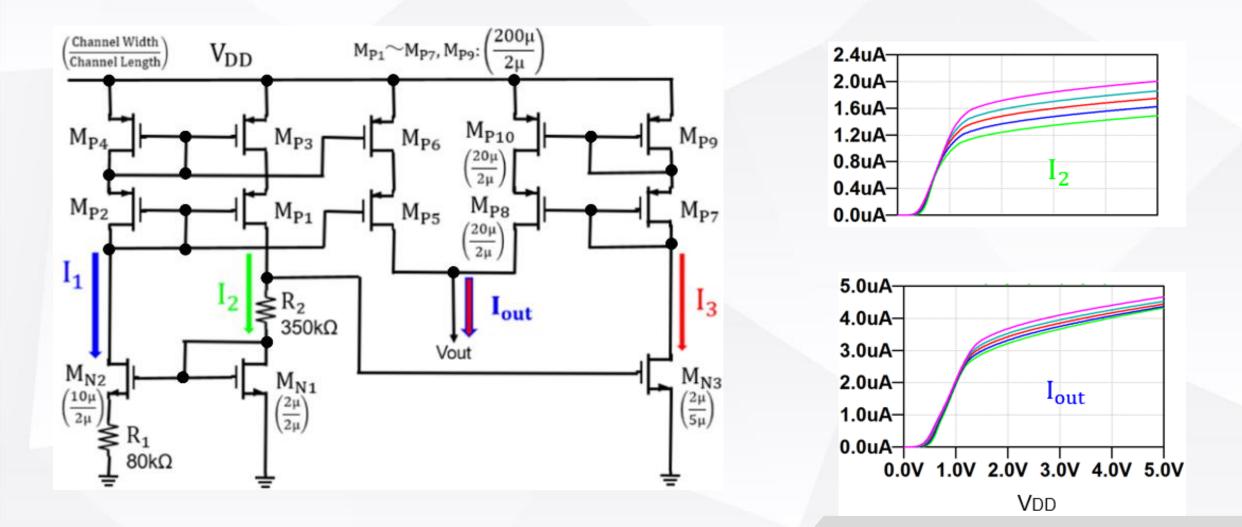


Self-biasing Widlar current source

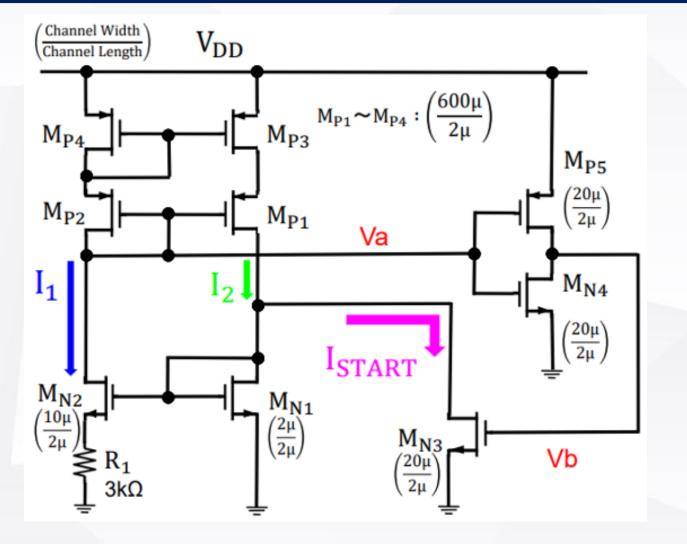


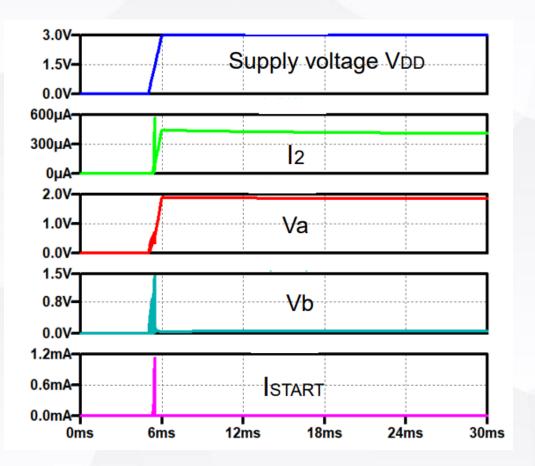


Temperature sensitivity compensation Widlar



Widlar current source with Startup Circuit





- Research Objective
- MOS Drain Current Temperature Characteristics
- Gunma University (GU) Reference Current Source
- Peaking Current Source (Nagata Current Source)
- Widlar Current Source
- Conclusion

Conclusion

25/26

- We have investigated three types of MOS reference current sources.
- Self-bias and startup circuits are used.
- Temperature-insensitivity is verified.

Remaining work

• Elucidating their pros and cons.

Thank you for your kind attention.